

DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

STATE FACT SHEET WEST BENGAL

(2012-13)



International institute for population sciences
(Deemed University)

Mumbai

Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round- I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidence generated by these surveys have also been useful for the monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2012-2013 and has designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Households and Ever Married Women (age 15-49 years) were canvassed by using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In DLHS-4 Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical (CAB) tests were also carried out in all selected households. The village and health facilities were canvassed using printed questionnaires. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women's questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. All Community Health Centres (CHCs), District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) which serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in West Bengal was conducted during January to July 2013, gathering information from 26,578 households, 24,836 ever married women and also from 1,166 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trends for the state of West Bengal. A separate fact sheet is available for each of the 19 districts of the state.

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (200		7-08)	
Indicators		RURAL			RURAL	
Sample Size						
Households surveyed	26,578	13,434	13,144	22,213	17,362	4,851
Ever married women age15-49 years	24,836	13,097	11,739	21,878	17,718	4,160
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	23,426	12,386	11,040	20,542	16,651	3,891
Population and household profile						
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	79.0	75.0	87.6	72.1	68.6	85.3
Percentage of population below age 15 years	25.3	27.0	21.8	30.7	32.5	23.5
Mean household size	4.4	4.7	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.4
Sex ratio at birth (Males per 100 Females)	100	100	101	100	99	104
Percentage of households						
Having electricity	86.9	83.0	95.5	51.5	40.7	89.9
Improved source of drinking water ¹	95.2	94.1	97.6	91.2	89.6	97.1
Having access to improved toilet facility	67.4	57.7	88.3	53.9	43.6	90.6
Use clean fuel for cooking ²		7.5	60.8	12.9	2.7	50.1
Marriage						
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	19.2	18.5	20.9	18.5	18.0	21.0
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	25.4	24.6	27.3	24.7	25.1	27.8
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	31.6	35.9	20.6	41.3	45.7	20.7
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	15.8	18.1	10.2	21.8	23.9	12.7
Characteristics of women (%)						
Currently married women who are illiterate	29.7	35.6	17.9	37.2	41.6	17.8
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	22.6	14.0	40.1	11.7	7.0	32.9
Fertility (%)						
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births ³	11.2	12.0	9.1	10.6	11.8	4.7
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above	34.7	36.4	29.1	44.2	46.7	30.4
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above	19.8	21.4	15.6	27.8	28.8	21.8
Women with two children wanting no more children	82.6	80.5	86.7	80.0	77.9	88.4
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	2.9	3.2	2.5	3.6	3.8	2.7
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)						
Any method	71.8	72.6	70.2	72.7	71.6	77.5
Any modern method	58.8	61.4	53.3	53.3	54.3	49.1
Female sterilization	33.8	37.3	26.8	33.7	35.8	24.5
Male sterilization	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1
Pill	18.2	18.9	16.9	14.7	14.9	13.8
IUD	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.0
Condom	5.6	4.0	8.7	3.6	2.3	9.3
Any traditional method	13.1	11.2	16.9	18.8	16.7	28.1
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)						
Total unmet need⁴	12.1	11.5	13.1	11.6	12.2	8.4
Unmet Need for spacing	4.9	5.1	4.4	4.2	4.7	1.9
Unmet Need for limiting	7.2	6.4	8.7	7.4	7.5	6.5
Ever use of Emergency Contraceptive Pills (ECP)	1.6	1.1	2.6	0.6	0.6	8.0

¹ Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore well/well covered/protected spring, tanker/truck, cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water. ² LPG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas, ³ DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children. ⁴Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3)

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)			DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators		RURAL		TOTAL	RURAL	1 -	
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)							
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	21.8	24.2	17.4	24.3	25.7	16.5	
Current users told about side effects of method		13.2	11.7	21.7	22.3	19.2	
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours	44.8	43.5	48.4	55.4	53.1	69.8	
Post-partum adoption of family planning for sterilization		66.1	70.6	44.3	42.7	54.3	
Antenatal Care (women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)							
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	96.2	95.9	97.0	96.1	95.7	98.3	
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester		57.6	64.1	42.4	38.8	62.7	
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits		79.7	85.1	67.0	63.5	86.9	
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection		94.0	95.0	95.0	94.6	97.5	
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken		77.6	80.8	68.0	64.8	85.8	
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		56.3	64.1	53.1*	48.1*	81.0*	
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined		39.5	47.8	46.0	43.2	62.2	
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		41.8	43.5	26.9	25.7	33.6	
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care ⁵		35.4	40.0	19.5	17.8	29.7	
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)	30.0	33.4	40.0	10.0	17.0	20.1	
Institutional delivery	74.6	69.9	85.7	49.2	43.4	81.3	
Delivery at government health institutions.		56.1	52.0	38.3	35.7	53.3	
		13.8	33.7	10.8	7.7	28.0	
Delivery at private health institutions		7.5	33. <i>1</i> 12.7	5.8	7.7 4.5	13.6	
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions Delivery by Caesarean section at private health institutions		7.5 8.6	23.5	6.0	4.3	16.0	
Delivery by Caesarean section at private nearth institutions Delivery at home							
		28.9	12.6	50.0	55.6	18.2	
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries)		9.4	4.0	2.4	2.7	1.5	
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery		60.6	63.3	58.5	54.6	78.4	
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery		62.1	64.6	62.2	58.6	80.4	
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel		79.3	89.7	51.6	46.1	82.8	
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours		54.5	64.4	NA	NA	NA	
Out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs. in 000+)	3.3	3.1	3.9	NA	NA	NA	
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits							
Home delivery		30.2	15.1	9.6	9.8	5.7	
Institutional delivery	34.0	40.5	21.6	15.2	17.5	8.2	
Percentage of Women who had							
Any Pregnancy complication ⁷		46.4	44.9	72.4	71.9	74.8	
Any Delivery complication'		39.8	37.1	73.1	73.4	71.4	
Any Post-delivery complication'		20.0	17.2	46.0	37.9	47.4	
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months		15.2	10.1	19.0	19.9	14.8	
Menstrual related problems during last three months**	19.5	20.6	17.4	34.2	35.5	28.9	
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in							
Live Birth	94.5	95.0	93.3	91.8	92.2	89.4	
Still Birth	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.4	
Induced abortion	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.9	2.5	4.8	
Spontaneous abortion	2.5	2.1	3.5	3.7	3.6	4.3	
Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)							
Number of children	1,662	973	689	1,822	1,552	270	
Received full vaccination ⁸	79.5	80.8	76.2	75.8	75.7	76.3	
Not received any vaccination	1.4	1.0	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.8	
Received BCG vaccine	95.8	96.3	94.9	96.2	96.3	95.8	
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine	91.5	92.6	88.6	83.6	83.0	87.4	
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine	87.0	87.8	84.7	83.8	83.6	84.8	
Received measles vaccine	88.6	89.5	86.3	82.8	83.1	81.1	
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6	58.7	59.0	57.8	82.5	82.9	80.0	
months	50.7	J9.U	57.0	02.0	02.9	00.0	

^{.5}Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets or adequate amount of syrup consumed.

6Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles. *Any type of blood tested ** Excludes pregnant, in amenorrhea, in menopause, had hysterectomy and ever menstruated women

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	URBAN	TOTAL	RURAL	URBAN
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)						
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed ⁹	64.8	64.1	66.5	43.7	45.4	32.9
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	72.8	73.0	72.3	64.1	63.6	66.7
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding**	74.2	74.0	74.8	NA	NA	NA
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	34.2	34.5	33.6	26.1	26.6	22.9
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	50.4	50.6	50.2	39.3	40.7	30.6
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)						
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	82.0	79.7	87.8	NA	NA	NA
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighed) (below 2.5 kg)	11.5	11.1	12.4	NA	NA	NA
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)						
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	87.0	85.4	90.4	87.1	85.6	93.8
Awareness about ARI (%)					00.0	
Women aware about danger signs of ARI ¹⁰	47.3	43.1	52.8	38.3	36.4	49.8
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the	17.0	10.1	02.0	00.0	00.1	10.0
reference period) (%)						
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for children under 5 years	3.2	3.3	3.1	6.0	6.4	3.9
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS ¹¹	64.8	63.8	67.2	46.4	46.3	47.0
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	46.7	46.9	46.3	NA	NA	NA
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	84.0	87.5	75.0	81.5	82.3	74.5
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for children under 5 years	10.5	10.6	10.4	24.9	26.3	16.9
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	84.0	83.9	84.5	81.9	81.7	84.6
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)	04.0	05.9	04.5	01.9	01.7	04.0
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	37.2	34.2	43.1	34.6	31.5	47.9
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS.	59.5	52.3	74.0	49.2	42.0	81.0
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	15.6	17.4	12.4	26.2	42.0 27.2	21.8
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS ¹²						
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS 12	37.4	32.0	45.0	38.2	36.2	42.6
	9.8	8.1	12.2	2.7	1.8	4.7
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)	00.5	00.0	00.4	20.0	00.0	00.0
Antenatal care	83.5	90.9	66.1	80.0	83.6	60.3
Treatment for pregnancy complications	50.4	52.0	46.8	35.6	35.9	34.4
Treatment for post-delivery complications	55.7	58.1	49.4	27.1	27.2	26.2
Treatment for vaginal discharge	30.8	32.1	26.3	20.3	21.6	12.8
Treatment for children with diarrhoea ¹³	46.1	44.2	52.0	25.6	26.2	19.1
Treatment for children with ARI ¹³	29.7	30.5	27.7	14.7	14.9	13.1
Birth Registration (%)						
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	91.2	90.9	92.0	NA	NA	NA
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	91.8	91.6	92.3	NA	NA	NA
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%)						
Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	41.5	44.2	35.1	NA	NA	NA
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	22.9	24.8	18.5	NA	NA	NA
Men who smoke	41.2	42.3	38.5	NA	NA	NA
Women who smoke	2.8	3.2	1.8	NA	NA	NA
Men who consume alcohol	23.0	23.0	23.1	NA	NA	NA
Women who consume alcohol	2.3	2.7	1.2	NA	NA	NA
⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date ¹⁰ Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹ O						

⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date ¹⁰ Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹ Oral Rehydration Solutions/Salts. ¹² Based on the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. ¹³ Last two weeks **includes infant food, tinned powdered or fresh animal milk, fruit juice, tea/coffee or other liquid

Indicators Reported Prevalence of Morbidity Any Injury	TOTAL	RURAL	URBAN	TOTAL	RURAL	LIDDAN
Any Injury					IVOIVAL	UKDAN
• • •						
Acute Illness	. 2.1	2.3	1.7	NA	NA	NA
	. 17.5	18.3	15.5	NA	NA	NA
Chronic Illness	. 14.4	14.0	15.2	NA	NA	NA
Reported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%)						
Disease of respiratory system	9.1	8.9	9.3	NA	NA	NA
Disease of cardiovascular system	9.0	8.7	9.6	NA	NA	NA
Persons suffering from tuberculosis		1.1	0.7	NA	NA	NA
Nutritional status of children below 5 years						
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 2 SD)	28.2	29.9	25.8	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 3 SD)	15.2	16.0	14.0	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 2 SD)	37.4	39.7	33.9	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 3 SD)	19.8	20.8	18.3	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 2 SD)	37.4	41.7	31.0	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 3 SD)	15.4	17.4	12.4	NA	NA	NA
Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%)						
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia	86.4	97.6	82.2	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia	00	87.6 6.5	5.8	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male				NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male		79.8	75.5	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Iviale		1.7	1.2	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female		79.7	74.6	NA	NA	NA
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2.2	2.3	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male		75.7	67.8		NA	
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male		1.7	1.5	NA NA		NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female		78.1	71.7	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female		2.7	2.1	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male		60.7	49.7	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male		1.4	1.2	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female		77.1	71.0	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Female		3.1	2.4	NA	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia	_	63.2	55.3	NA	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia		2.3	1.9	NA	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	-	79.8	77.5	NA	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3.3	2.8	NA	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia		77.0	74.6	NA	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	· · -	3.2	3.3	NA	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia		64.2	59.1	NA	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	2.6	2.8	2.3	NA	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)		_				
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)	. 15.7	14.3	19.1	NA	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)	7.8	6.7	10.7	NA	NA	NA
Hypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)						
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg)	. 22.7	20.5	27.3	NA	NA	NA
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg)	7.8	6.9	10.1	NA	NA	NA
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg)	3.0	2.6	3.8	NA	NA	NA
lodized salt use in Households (%)						
Households using iodized salt (15+ppm)	64.4	62.0	69.8	NA	NA	NA
¹⁴ Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. ¹⁵ Excluding age group 19 years						

	Number/	Percentage
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	496	725
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres**	510	688
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	228	290
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	366	335
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	43	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	19	19
Health programmes at village level		
Percentage of villages having ASHA	84.7	12.9
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	29.4	17.7
Accessibility of health facility (%)		
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	91.1	85.5
Villages with PHC within 10 km	88.1	86.3
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services (%)	00.1	00.0
Sub-Health Centre		
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	63.7	45.8
Sub-Health Centre with ANM	99.4	89.6
Sub-Health Centre with male health worker	22.4	40.7
Sub-Health Centre with ANM residing in Sub-Health Centre guarter where facility is available	6.3	14.7
Sub-Health Centre with additional ANM	66.3	1.2
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	00.5	1.2
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	30.0	25.9
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer*	11.8	25.9 9.7
PHCs with at least 4 beds	50.0	27.0
PHCs with AYUSH doctor*	21.0	18.6
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	70.2	82.8
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	67.5	73.3
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	32.4	45.3
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	36.2	33.3
Community Health Centre (CHC)		
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	96.2	96.1
CHCs having Obstetrician/Gynaecologist	17.5	11.6
CHCs having Anaesthetist	10.7	13.4
CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	68.6	46.3
CHCs designated as FRUs	52.7	17.9
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	37.0	22.5
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	81.7	86.7
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)		
SDHs having Paediatrician	97.6	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	83.7	NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	7.0	NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	79.1	NA
SDHs having three phase connection	97.6	NA
SDHs having critical care area	48.8	NA
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	83.7	NA
District Hospital (DH)		
DHs having Paediatrician	95.0	94.1
DHs having regular radiographer	100.0	94.4
DHs having 2D Echo facility	47.4	15.7
DHs having Ultrasound facility	100.0	NA
DHs having three phase connection	100.0	100.0
DHs having critical care area	63.2	36.8
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	94.7	68.4
* Out of total medical officers available ** some of the Sub-Health Centres providing services to more than 1 village		

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