

## DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

# STATE FACT SHEET HARYANA

(2012-13)



International institute for population sciences
(Deemed University)

Mumbai

#### Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round- I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidence generated by these surveys have also been useful for the monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2012-2013 and has designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Households and Ever Married Women (age 15-49 years) were canvassed by using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In DLHS-4 Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical (CAB) tests were also carried out in all selected households. The village and health facilities were canvassed using printed questionnaires. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women's questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. All Community Health Centres (CHCs), District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) which serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in Haryana was conducted during June to December 2013, gathering information from 33,772 households, 28,776 ever married women and also from 1,067 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trends for the state of Haryana. A separate fact sheet is available for each of the 21 districts.

#### **Haryana- Key Indicators**

	DLH	S-4 (2012	2-13)	DLH	IS-3 (200	7-08)
Indicators		RURAL				URBAN
Sample Size						
Households surveyed	33,772	19,216	14,556	21,406	15,615	5,791
Ever married women age15-49 years	28,776	16,895	11,881	21,484	16,154	5,330
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	27,414	16,093	11,321	20,394	15,306	5,088
Population and household profile						
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	77.7	73.5	85.5	73.4	70.2	82.7
Percentage of population below age 15 years	26.7	27.7	24.8	32.2	33.1	29.3
Mean household size	4.9	5.1	4.6	5.2	5.4	4.9
Sex ratio at birth (Males per 100 Females)	113	112	114	110	109	112
Percentage of households						
Having electricity	97.7	97.2	98.7	92.4	90.5	97.5
Improved source of drinking water <sup>1</sup>	99.1	98.9	99.4	96.0	94.7	99.5
Having access to improved toilet facility	83.7	77.3	94.5	50.7	39.0	82.1
Use clean fuel for cooking <sup>2</sup>	47.4	27.0	82.1	26.5	11.1	68.1
Marriage						
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	20.8	20.2	21.9	19.7	19.2	21.1
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	23.8	23.4	24.5	22.7	22.3	23.9
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	5.9	6.5	4.6	15.9	18.5	8.2
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	17.3	19.7	12.5	27.4	30.7	17.3
Characteristics of women (%)						
Currently married women who are illiterate	33.9	40.0	23.4	38.8	43.4	24.9
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	37.5	28.0	53.9	25.9	19.9	44.5
Fertility (%)						
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births <sup>3</sup>	2.9	3.2	2.2	4.3	4.7	2.9
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above	37.8	38.1	36.9	40.5	41.5	36.6
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above		25.2	22.0	34.0	36.1	27.1
Women with two children wanting no more children		72.1	79.2	79.4	75.7	86.2
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	3.0	3.2	2.8	3.8	4.0	3.4
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)						
Any method	51.6	52.0	50.9	62.0	61.8	62.9
Any modern method	48.6	49.2	47.7	54.5	55.0	53.1
Female sterilization	33.6	36.7	28.0	36.3	39.6	25.6
Male sterilization	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.7
Pill	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.8	2.6	3.6
IUD	2.4	2.1	2.8	3.8	3.3	5.2
Condom	9.8	7.6	13.8	10.4	8.0	17.8
Any traditional method	3.0	2.8	3.1	7.5	6.7	9.7
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)					_	
Total unmet need <sup>4</sup>	30.4	30.4	30.5	16.0	16.2	14.9
Unmet Need for spacing	11.8	12.2	11.1	5.7	6.1	4.4
Unmet Need for limiting	18.6	18.2	19.4	10.3	10.1	10.5
Ever use of Emergency Contraceptive Pills (ECP)	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.9

Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore well/well covered/protected spring, tanker/truck, cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water. PG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas, DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children. <sup>4</sup>Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3).

### **Haryana - Key Indicators**

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLH	DLHS-3 (2007-08)		
Indicators		RURAL		TOTAL	RURAL	1 -
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)						
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	37.5	38.2	36.2	12.4	12.7	11.4
Current users told about side effects of method	. 10.9	10.6	11.6	27.0	27.9	24.1
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours	72.6	73.0	71.5	60.9	61.3	58.9
Post-partum adoption of family planning for sterilization		58.6	60.3	16.9	16.5	19.0
Antenatal Care (women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)						
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	70.8	67.2	77.7	87.3	85.2	93.8
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester		45.3	57.7	55.1	52.0	64.4
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits		40.9	52.3	51.9	47.2	66.1
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection		62.5	73.3	86.1	84.1	92.1
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken		35.4	51.9	42.8	36.8	60.6
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		45.6	57.5	50.2*	44.9*	66.3*
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined	-	30.4	42.3	58.1	53.1	72.7
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		18.6	25.3	29.0	28.1	31.7
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care <sup>5</sup>		12.5	19.6	13.3	10.2	22.6
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)	. 13.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.2	22.0
Institutional delivery	77.0	74.4	81.9	46.9	42.2	61.4
Delivery at government health institutions.		45.7	36.1	15.0	13.9	18.3
Delivery at government health institutions		28.7	45.8	31.9	28.3	43.1
		26.7	2.9	2.1	20.3	2.6
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions  Delivery by Caesarean section at private health institutions		4.2	8.9	7.6	6.8	10.2
Delivery by Caesarean section at private nearth institutions  Delivery at home						
		25.0	17.8	52.6	57.4	38.0
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel <sup>6</sup> (out of total deliveries)		15.1	12.1	6.5	5.8	8.2
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery		66.8	68.0	51.4	48.6	60.2
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery		68.5	70.0	52.2	49.2	61.2
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel		89.5	94.0	53.4	48.0	69.6
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours		21.3	24.2	NA	NA	NA
Out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs. in 000+)	. 1.48	1.47	1.56	NA	NA	NA
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits						
Home delivery		3.1	1.3	3.5	3.5	3.1
Institutional delivery	. 8.3	9.5	6.2	4.6	4.7	4.2
Percentage of Women who had						
Any Pregnancy complication <sup>7</sup>		37.5	37.5	56.5	56.0	58.1
Any Delivery complication'		41.6	45.5	55.8	58.0	49.2
Any Post-delivery complication <sup>7</sup>		14.7	16.2	28.3	29.4	25.2
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months		5.5	5.9	14.4	15.3	11.9
Menstrual related problems during last three months**	. 6.5	6.6	6.3	17.9	18.2	16.9
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in						
Live Birth	92.0	92.4	91.3	85.9	86.5	84.0
Still Birth	. 1.5	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.7
Induced abortion	. 1.5	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.6	3.9
Spontaneous abortion	5.0	4.7	5.5	9.5	9.2	10.5
Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)						
Number of children	2,192	1,339	853	2,111	1,580	531
Received full vaccination <sup>8</sup>	. 52.1	51.0	54.5	59.6	55.9	70.8
Not received any vaccination	5.9	6.7	4.8	1.9	1.9	1.9
Received BCG vaccine	. 84.2	84.0	84.7	86.5	85.0	91.0
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine	. 72.7	71.8	74.5	69.1	66.3	77.6
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine	. 71.1	70.0	73.2	67.9	65.1	76.2
Received measles vaccine	70.0	68.1	73.1	69.0	66.4	77.2
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6	61.4	59.9	64.4	46.2	120	52 N
months	01.4		04.4	46.3	43.8	53.9

<sup>.5</sup>Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets or adequate amount of syrup consumed.

6Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, 7Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles. Any type of blood tested. \*\* Excludes pregnant, in amenorrhea, in menopause, had hysterectomy and ever menstruated women

#### Haryana - Key Indicators

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators		RURAL			RURAL	
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)						
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed <sup>9</sup>	64.0	63.1	66.2	9.4	9.3	9.7
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	56.5	57.9	53.7	74.1	72.7	78.9
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding**	51.2	50.0	53.5	NA	NA	NA
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	27.4	26.2	29.7	5.7	5.4	6.5
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	54.7	54.6	54.9	17.4	16.8	18.7
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)						
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	63.9	61.5	68.8	NA	NA	NA
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighed) ( below 2.5 kg)	12.7	13.6	11.1	NA	NA	NA
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)						
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	81.7	79.6	85.4	79.0	76.7	86.0
Awareness about ARI (%)						
Women aware about danger signs of ARI <sup>10</sup>	75.2	73.6	77.9	76.3	76.2	76.7
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the						
reference period) (%)						
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for children under 5 year	4.0	4.2	3.7	16.6	17.0	15.0
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS <sup>11</sup>	44.8	45.6	43.4	31.7	28.3	44.2
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	39.8	42.2	35.2	NA	NA	NA
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	68.7	71.9	62.8	82.0	81.5	83.5
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for children under 5 years	3.6	3.4	3.9	8.3	8.8	6.8
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	85.5	82.6	89.5	88.1	87.4	91.3
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)						
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	25.1	20.1	33.9	40.3	37.9	47.9
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS	52.6	46.6	63.1	66.6	62.4	79.7
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	12.5	13.4	11.0	16.7	17.7	13.6
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS <sup>12</sup>	40.5	37.6	44.3	71.6	69.8	76.0
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS <sup>12</sup>	12.6	11.7	13.8	5.4	4.5	7.7
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)						
Antenatal care	63.7	69.0	55.0	45.7	44.4	49.0
Treatment for pregnancy complications	38.9	42.8	32.9	25.5	25.6	25.1
Treatment for post-delivery complications	38.8	42.7	31.7	17.4	16.2	21.5
Treatment for vaginal discharge	29.4	32.6	23.8	19.1	19.7	17.1
Treatment for children with diarrhoea <sup>13</sup>	23.2	21.6	26.4	9.0	8.6	10.2
Treatment for children with ARI <sup>13</sup>	29.7	30.7	28.5	7.2	7.3	7.6
Birth Registration (%)						
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	72.2	71.1	74.5	NA	NA	NA
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	91.9	92.0	91.7	NA	NA	NA
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%)						
Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	5.3	5.4	5.3	NA	NA	NA
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	0.6	8.0	0.4	NA	NA	NA
Men who smoke	26.8	29.6	22.1	NA	NA	NA
Women who smoke	1.9	2.5	0.9	NA	NA	NA
Men who consume alcohol	20.2	20.6	19.5	NA	NA	NA
Women who consume alcohol	0.6	0.6	0.5	NA	NA	NA
<sup>9</sup> Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date 10Acute Respiratory Infections 11O	rol Dobydr	otion Colut	iona/Calla 1	2Dagad an 4	L	and a

<sup>9</sup> Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date <sup>10</sup>Acute Respiratory Infections <sup>11</sup>Oral Rehydration Solutions/Salts. <sup>12</sup>Based on the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. <sup>13</sup> Last two weeks \*\*includes infant food, tinned powdered or fresh animal milk, fruit juice, tea/coffee or other liquid. na: percentage not shonw because of less number of cases.

## Haryana - Key Indicators

Indicators Reported Prevalence of Morbidity Any Injury	TOTAL	S-4 (2012 RURAL				DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
•			UKBAN	TOTAL	RURAL	URBAN			
Apylojuny									
Ally Ilijury	1.6	1.7	1.3	NA	NA	NA			
Acute Illness	13.1	13.4	12.5	NA	NA	NA			
Chronic Illness	15.4	15.0	16.2	NA	NA	NA			
Reported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%)									
Disease of respiratory system	9.5	10.4	8.0	NA	NA	NA			
Disease of cardiovascular system	5.4	5.1	5.9	NA	NA	NA			
Persons suffering from tuberculosis		1.4	1.2	NA	NA	NA			
Nutritional status of children below 5 years									
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 2 SD)	32.3	33.5	30.3	NA	NA	NA			
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 3 SD)	18.6	19.2	17.6	NA	NA	NA			
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 2 SD)	31.9	32.1	31.8	NA	NA	NA			
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 3 SD)	15.4	15.8	14.8	NA	NA	NA			
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 2 SD)	36.2	38.0	32.9	NA	NA	NA			
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 3 SD)	15.2	16.0	13.8	NA	NA	NA			
Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level <sup>14</sup> (%)									
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia	62.8	63.1	62.3	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia	00	9.3	8.5	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male		58.3	57.0	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male		6.4	7.4	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female	0	60.1	7. <del>4</del> 56.1	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female		6.2	6.4	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male	0.0			NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male		56.8	56.0	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Wale		6.2	6.5	NA	NA	NA			
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female		58.3	57.6	NA	NA	NA			
Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Pernale	•	6.3	6.7	NA	NA	NA			
Children (10-19 Years ) having anaemia - Male		52.9	52.9		NA				
Children (10-19 Years ) having severe anaemia - Male		5.9	5.9	NA		NA			
		57.9	57.5	NA	NA NA	NA			
Children (10-19 Years <sup>15</sup> ) having severe anaemia - Female		6.2	6.5	NA	NA	NA			
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia		53.8	52.7	NA	NA	NA			
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia		5.9	5.7	NA	NA	NA			
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia		60.5	57.8	NA	NA	NA			
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	–	7.8	5.9	NA	NA	NA			
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	57.7	58.2	56.8	NA	NA	NA			
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia		6.5	6.1	NA	NA	NA			
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia		52.9	52.1	NA	NA	NA			
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	5.5	5.4	5.6	NA	NA	NA			
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)	_								
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)		13.5	15.6	NA	NA	NA			
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)	6.0	5.3	7.2	NA	NA	NA			
Hypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)									
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg )		23.4	26.7	NA	NA	NA			
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg )		6.3	7.8	NA	NA	NA			
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg )	2.4	2.3	2.7	NA	NA	NA			
<sup>14</sup> Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. <sup>15</sup> Excluding age group 19 years Chronic Illness: Any person with symptoms persisting for longer than one month is defined as sur									

## Haryana- Key Indicators

	Number/P	ercentage
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	708	721
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres	673	625
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	246	263
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	106	84
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	21	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	21	18
Health programmes at village level		
Percentage of villages having ASHA	96.1	80.8
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	43.5	68.2
Accessibility of health facility (%)	40.0	00.2
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	80.4	77.0
Villages with PHC within 10 km	87.3	82.3
	67.3	02.3
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services (%)		
Sub-Health Centre	F7 7	54.0
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	57.7	54.9
Sub-Health Centre with ANM	90.6	92.3
Sub-Health Centre with male health worker	58.2	51.8
Sub-Health Centre with ANM residing in Sub-Health Centre quarter where facility is available	35.6	31.4
Sub-Health Centre with additional ANM	83.5	74.2
Primary Health Centre (PHC)		
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	79.3	39.2
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer *	34.2	30.8
PHCs with at least 4 beds	75.7	64.3
PHCs with AYUSH doctor*	19.1	1.5
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	47.9	43.0
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	91.1	94.2
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	65.6	46.6
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	74.3	38.8
Community Health Centre (CHC)		
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	100.0	88.1
CHCs having Obstetrician/Gynaecologist	13.2	13.1
	8.5	
CHCs having Anesthetist	46.2	10.7
CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	46.2 71.7	60.7
CHCs designated as FRUs		44.1
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	14.5	21.6
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	91.5	62.2
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)		
SDHs having Paediatrician	28.6	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	9.5	NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	4.7	NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	14.3	NA
SDHs having three phase connection	90.5	NA
SDHs having critical care area	42.8	NA
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	100.0	NA
District Hospital (DH)		
DHs having Paediatrician	95.2	77.7
DHs having regular radiographer	38.1	66.6
DHs having 2D Echo facility	38.1	22.2
DHs having Ultrasound facility	90.5	
DHs having three phase connection	100.0	100.0
DHs having critical care area	76.2	44.4
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	100.0	55.5

#### INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR POPULATION SCIENCES

Vision: "To position IIPS as a premier teaching and research institution in population sciences

responsive to emerging national and global needs based on values of inclusion, sensitivity and

rights protection."

Mission: "The Institute will strive to be a centre of excellence on population, health and development

issues through high quality education, teaching and research. This will be achieved by (a) creating competent professionals, (b) generating and disseminating scientific knowledge and evidence, (c) collaboration and exchange of knowledge, and (d) advocacy and awareness."

#### For additional information, please contact:

**Director/Project Coordinator (DLHS-4) International Institute for Population Sciences** 

Govandi Station Road, Deonar Mumbai - 400 088 (India)

Telephone: 022-4237 2465, 42372411

Fax: 022-25563257, 25555895

Email: rchpro@iips.net, director@iips.net

Website: http://www.rchiips.org

http://www.iipsindia.org

Additional Director General (Stat.)
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Government of India

Nirman Bhavan

New Chandigarh 110 011 Telephone: 011 - 23061334

Fax: 011 - 23061334

Email: adg-mohfw@nic.in

## Chief Director (Stat.) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

Government of India Nirman Bhavan New Chandigarh 110 011

Telephone: 011 - 23062699

Fax: 011 - 23062699 Email: cdstat@nic.in

Website: http://www.mohfw.nic.in