

DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

STATE FACT SHEET CHANDIGARH

(2012-13)



International institute for population sciences
(Deemed University)

Mumbai

Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round- I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidence generated by these surveys have also been useful for the monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2012-2013 and has designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Households and Ever Married Women (age 15-49 years) were canvassed by using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In DLHS-4 Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical (CAB) tests were also carried out in all selected households. The village and health facilities were canvassed using printed questionnaires. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women's questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. All Community Health Centres (CHCs), District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) which serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in Chandigarh was conducted during May to June 2013, gathering information from 1,340 households, 1,138 ever married women and also from 26 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trends for the union territory of Chandigarh.

	DLH	S-4 (2012	-13)	DLH	IS-3 (200 [°]	7-08)
Indicators		RURAL			RURAL	
Sample Size						
Households surveyed	1,340	382	958	1033	107	926
Ever married women age15-49 years	1,138	349	789	848	94	754
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	1,088	335	753	800	82	718
Population and household profile						
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	88.4	83.4	90.0	89.3	78.1	90.7
Percentage of population below age 15 years		26.4	21.2	25.2	30.5	24.5
Mean household size	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.7	4.2
Sex ratio at birth (Males per 100 Females)	114	112	114	108	108	113
Percentage of households						
Having electricity	99.2	99.5	99.2	99.3	99.0	99.4
Improved source of drinking water ¹	99.8	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Having access to improved toilet facility	95.4	94.0	95.8	95.9	92.5	96.3
Use clean fuel for cooking ²		76.8	93.5	86.8	72.9	88.4
Marriage						
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	22.5	21.2	22.9	23.2	22.8	23.3
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	25.3	24.1	25.7	25.3	23.2	25.6
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	1.9	0.0	2.4	3.3	6.7	2.6
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	11.5	24.0	7.0	12.1	29.4	9.8
Characteristics of women (%)						
Currently married women who are illiterate	22.7	31.7	19.8	21.1	39.7	18.9
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	57.3	43.4	61.7	58.1	33.9	60.8
Fertility (%)						
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births ³	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.3
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above	24.2	22.2	25.0	37.5	30.9	38.2
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above	16.6	21.4	14.2	23.3	23.9	17.0
Women with two children wanting no more children	80.2	69.9	83.0	92.7	70.5	98.9
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)						
Any method	70.9	66.9	72.1	75.6	76.0	75.6
Any modern method	66.8	65.1	67.4	70.7	73.2	70.4
Female sterilization	27.8	33.4	26.0	28.8	36.2	27.9
Male sterilization	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.6
Pill	1.1	0.3	1.3	3.1	4.1	3.0
IUD	4.0	3.0	4.3	7.3	9.4	7.1
Condom	33.2	28.1	34.8	30.9	23.5	31.7
Any traditional method	4.0	1.8	4.7	4.9	2.8	5.2
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)						
Total unmet need ⁴	12.1	14.8	11.2	8.3	14.4	7.6
Unmet Need for spacing	6.1	7.7	5.6	2.2	3.0	2.1
Unmet Need for limiting	6.0	7.1	5.6	6.1	11.4	5.5
Ever use of Emergency Contraceptive Pills (ECP)	3.8	3.9	3.6	1.2	0.0	1.3
1 Includes nine water into dwalling, nined to vard/nlot, public tan/standnine/hand numn/tuhe well/here v						

¹ Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore well/well covered/protected spring, tanker/truck, cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water. ² LPG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas, ³ DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children. ⁴Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3)

	DLH	S-4 (2012	2-13)	DLH	IS-3 (2007	'-08)
Indicators		RURAL		TOTAL	RURAL	
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)						
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	21.1	18.6	22.1	13.7	0.0	15.8
Current users told about side effects of method		9.9	18.4	5.2	3.8	5.4
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours	76.3	73.7	77.3	69.0	64.5	69.7
Post-partum adoption of family planning for sterilization		61.1	75.9	32.6	41.2	31.4
Antenatal Care (women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)						
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	88.8	84.7	90.6	84.3	86.3	84.0
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester		69.4	72.0	66.8	57.7	68.3
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits		60.0	77.8	77.6	66.7	79.2
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection		78.8	87.0	82.3	80.0	82.7
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken		74.1	77.7	82.0	74.1	83.1
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		75.6	78.2	82.0*	70.4*	83.7*
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined		55.8	63.7	80.5	70.4	82.0
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		34.1	38.9	47.5	46.3	47.7
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care ⁵		27.1	32.1	29.0	29.1	29.0
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)	30.0	27.1	02.1	20.0	20.1	20.0
Institutional delivery	94.2	92.9	94.8	76.1	44.4	80.9
Delivery at government health institutions		82.4	70.5	56.6	29.6	60.7
Delivery at government health institutions		10.6	24.4	19.5	14.8	20.2
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions		7.1	6.3	5.9	0.0	6.7
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions		3.5	9.8	4.4	0.0	5.1
Delivery by Caesarean Section at private health institutions		3.5 7.1	9.6 5.2		49.2	22.6
				26.4	-	
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel ⁶ (out of total deliveries)		3.5	5.2	4.9	6.4	4.7
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery		50.6	62.3	79.4	65.4	81.5
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery		51.9	70.5	79.4	65.4	81.5
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel		96.4	100.0	78.5	57.2	82.1
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours		34.2	39.3	NA	NA	NA
Out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs. in 000+)	2.66	2.93	2.86	NA	NA	NA
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Home delivery		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Institutional delivery	11.8	22.8	7.1	1.3	0.0	1.4
Percentage of Women who had	40.0	07.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	44.4
Any Pregnancy complication ⁷		37.6	42.0	42.9	33.3	44.4
Any Delivery complication		11.8	25.5	49.3	48.1	49.4
Any Post-delivery complication		4.7	7.8	18.0	14.8	18.5
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months		9.2	10.0	3.6	4.9	3.5
Menstrual related problems during last three months**	10.0	10.5	9.9	11.6	21.2	10.6
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in						
Live Birth	92.4	94.1	91.2	91.8	88.9	92.2
Still Birth	_	0.0	1.8	1.5	2.8	1.3
Induced abortion	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.0	2.2
Spontaneous abortion	4.8	4.2	5.3	4.9	8.3	4.3
Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)						
Number of children	56	22	34	56	04	52
Received full vaccination ⁸	85.8	87.1	85.2	73.0	61.1	74.2
Not received any vaccination		0.0	2.1	5.3	0.0	5.8
Received BCG vaccine		100.0	97.6	95.4	100.0	95.0
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine	91.5	91.8	91.4	85.5	61.1	87.8
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine	94.9	96.2	94.3	82.3	100.0	80.6
Received measles vaccine	89.1	91.5	88.0	87.3	61.1	89.9
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6	71.2	82.5	67.0	46.2	28.5	48.5
months		32.0	57.5		20.0	10.0

^{.5}Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets or adequate amount of syrup consumed.

6Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, 7Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. 8 BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles * Any type of blood tested ** Excludes pregnant, in amenorrhea, in menopause, had hysterectomy and ever menstruated women

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators	TOTAL RURAL URBAN		TOTAL RURAL URBAN			
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)						
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed ⁹	76.2	72.7	80.0	34.0	0.0	38.9
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	85.7	50.0	100.0	94.4	100.0	92.8
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding**	43.5	36.4	46.8	NA	NA	NA
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	28.8	28.9	28.8	20.2	6.7	22.0
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	34.8	44.6	30.4	50.0	44.5	50.7
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)						
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	84.7	83.9	85.0	NA	NA	NA
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighed) (below 2.5 kg)	na	na	na	NA	NA	NA
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)						
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	92.6	85.7	94.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Awareness about ARI (%)						
Women aware about danger signs of ARI ¹⁰	88.1	79.7	90.8	98.9	98.8	98.9
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the						
reference period) (%)						
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for children under 5 year	1.7	2.1	1.5	3.3	3.2	3.3
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS ¹¹	80.0	5.0	100.0	34.0	100.0	23.7
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	50.0	50.0	50.0	NA	NA	NA
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	75.0	100.0	50.0	64.4	100.0	58.9
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for children under 5 years	2.0	0.0	3.1	2.0	3.2	1.9
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	100.0	na	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)						
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	48.7	40.0	51.5	53.9	49.7	54.4
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS	89.0	82.4	91.1	94.7	86.3	95.7
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	10.2	11.3	9.8	4.5	1.4	4.8
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS ¹²	58.3	57.4	58.5	87.0	74.2	88.5
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS ¹²	31.9	30.3	32.3	15.6	15.2	15.7
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)						
Antenatal care	81.4	93.1	76.6	79.0	85.0	78.2
Treatment for pregnancy complications	73.4	89.5	68.3	65.7	83.3	63.9
Treatment for post-delivery complications	na	na	na	68.6	75.0	67.7
Treatment for vaginal discharge	66.7	42.9	71.4	46.2	50.0	46.1
Treatment for children with diarrhoea ¹³	na	na	na	na	na	na
Treatment for children with ARI ¹³	na	na	na	na	na	na
Birth Registration (%)						
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	89.3	88.8	89.6	NA	NA	NA
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	93.8	90.8	95.2	NA	NA	NA
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%)						
Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	4.8	10.7	3.0	NA	NA	NA
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	0.3	0.6	0.3	NA	NA	NA
Men who smoke	13.8	16.5	13.0	NA	NA	NA
Women who smoke	0.3	0.6	0.3	NA	NA	NA
Men who consume alcohol	36.3	40.7	34.9	NA	NA	NA
Women who consume alcohol	1.0	1.5	0.9	NA	NA	NA
⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date. ¹⁰ Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹ O						

⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date ¹⁰Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹Oral Rehydration Solutions/Salts. ¹²Based on the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. ¹³ Last two weeks **includes infant food, tinned powdered or fresh animal milk, fruit juice, tea/coffee or other liquid. na: percentage not shown because of less number of cases.

	DI HS	S-4 (2012	-13)	DLH	S-3 (200 [°]	7-08)
Indicators	TOTAL			TOTAL		
Reported Prevalence of Morbidity						
Any Injury	6.0	4.4	6.5	NA	NA	NA
Acute Illness	5.9	6.4	5.7	NA	NA	NA
Chronic Illness	. 9.1	6.5	9.9	NA	NA	NA
Reported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%)						
Disease of respiratory system	. 14.7	9.3	15.8	NA	NA	NA
Disease of cardiovascular system		14.2	11.9	NA	NA	NA
Persons suffering from tuberculosis		0.9	0.8	NA	NA	NA
Nutritional status of children below 5 years						
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 2 SD)	21.0	29.4	15.3	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 3 SD)		14.1	5.1	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 2 SD)		30.3	25.6	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 3 SD)		16.6	11.7	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 2 SD)		26.5	20.6	NA	NA	NA
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 3 SD)		8.8	7.8	NA	NA	NA
Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%)	0.2	0.0				
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia	57.6	70.0	54.0	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia	0	8.3	5.2	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male		57.6	41.7	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male				NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female		2.9	0.0	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female		48.0	59.6	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male		0.0	3.5	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male	_	50.0	44.6	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male		1.2	1.7	NA	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female		49.2	54.7	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Pernale		0.0	3.2	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male		44.8	43.8	NA	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years) having severe anaemia - Iviale		4.6	1.3	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Female		48.6	50.2		NA	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		4.1	3.7	NA		NA NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia	_	39.1	46.1	NA	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia		5.4	2.0	NA	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	_	46.9	43.8	NA	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia		0.0	0.0	NA	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia		48.1	47.6	NA	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia		3.4	1.8	NA	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia		39.5	40.6	NA	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	1.4	2.2	1.2	NA	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)						
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)		9.2	10.6	NA	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)	. 4.8	4.0	5.1	NA	NA	NA
Hypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)						
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg)		29.4	32.0	NA	NA	NA
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg)		8.0	5.4	NA	NA	NA
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg)	. 1.8	2.2	1.7	NA	NA	NA
lodized salt use in Households (%)						
Households using iodized salt (15+ppm)	. 94.7	94.3	94.8	NA	NA	NA
¹⁴ Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. ¹⁵ Excluding age group 19 years						
Chronic Illness: Any person with symptoms persisting for longer than one month is defined as su	uffering fror	n chronic i	illness			

	Number/P	ercentage
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	14	05
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres	23	05
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	NA	NA
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	2	2
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	NA	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	01	01
Health programmes at village level	<u> </u>	0.
Percentage of villages having ASHA	14.0	4.0
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	78.6	60.0
Accessibility of health facility (%)	70.0	00.0
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	85.7	100.0
Villages with PHC within 10 km	92.9	60.0
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services (%)	92.9	60.0
Sub-Health Centre		
	60.0	60.0
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	60.9	60.0
Sub-Health Centre with ANM	52.2	80.0
Sub-Health Centre with male health worker	47.8	40.0
Sub-Health Centre with ANM residing in Sub-Health Centre quarter where facility is available	0.0	0.0
Sub-Health Centre with additional ANM	75.0	60.0
Primary Health Centre (PHC)		
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	NA	NA
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer *	NA	NA
PHCs with at least 4 beds	NA	NA
PHCs with AYUSH doctor*	NA	NA
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	NA	NA
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	NA	NA
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	NA	NA
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	NA	NA
Community Health Centre (CHC)		
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	100.0	50.0
CHCs having Obstetrician/Gynaecologist	100.0	100.0
CHCs having Anesthetist	100.0	NA
CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	100.0	50.0
CHCs designated as FRUs	100.0	50.0
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	100.0	100.0
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	100.0	100.0
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)		
SDHs having Paediatrician	NA	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	NA	NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	NA NA	NA NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	NA NA	NA NA
SDHs having three phase connection	NA	NA NA
		NA NA
SDHs having critical care area	NA NA	
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	NA	NA
District Hospital (DH)	100.0	100.0
DHs having Paediatrician		
DHs having regular radiographer	100.0	100.0
DHs having 2D Echo facility	100.0	100.0
DHs having Ultrasound facility	100.0	100.0
DHs having three phase connection	100.0	100.0
DHs having critical care area	100.0	100.0
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	100.0	100.0

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