| Key Indicators for Delhi from NFHS-3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NFHS-3 } \\ & (2005-06) \end{aligned}$ | Education |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { NFHS-2 } \\ (1998-99) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NFHS-1 } \\ & (1992-93) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { education } \end{gathered}$ | $<5$ years complete ${ }^{4}$ | 5-9 years complete ${ }^{4}$ | 10 years complete and above ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| Marriage and Fertility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Women age 20-24 married by age 18 (\%) | 22.7 | 70.0 | * | 37.7 | 6.4 | 19.8 | 28.7 |
| 2. Men age 25-29 married by age 21 (\%) | 19.4 | (52.4) | * | 33.4 | 7.8 | na | na |
| 3. Total fertility rate (children per woman) | 2.1 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 3.0 |
| 4. Women age 15-19 who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of the survey (\%) | 5.0 | 24.6 | * | 2.9 | 1.9 | na | na |
| 5. Median age at first birth for women age 25-49 | 21.7 | 19.4 | 17.9 | 20.3 | 23.7 | 21.2 | 20.9 |
| 6. Married women with 2 living children wanting no more children ${ }^{1}$ (\%) | 92.2 | 80.1 | * | 87.5 | 96.3 | 84.3 | 78.2 |
| 6a. Two sons | 95.2 | (81.1) | * | 96.5 | 98.3 | 90.1 | 86.8 |
| 6b. One son, one daughter | 94.6 | 85.6 | * | 89.1 | 97.5 | 89.3 | 86.0 |
| 6c. Two daughters | 70.7 | * | * | * | (84.1) | 52.9 | 43.8 |
| Family Planning (currently married women, age 15-49) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Any method (\%) | 66.9 | 59.9 | (53.5) | 63.9 | 72.5 | 63.8 | 60.3 |
| 8. Any modern method (\%) | 56.5 | 52.0 | (47.1) | 54.5 | 60.2 | 56.3 | 54.6 |
| 8a. Female sterilization (\%) | 23.0 | 32.4 | (28.7) | 25.9 | 16.2 | 26.3 | 20.0 |
| 8b. Male sterilization (\%) | 0.8 | 1.4 | (1.2) | 0.4 | 0.7 | 2.3 | 3.2 |
| 8c. IUD (\%) | 5.0 | 2.0 | (2.9) | 5.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.8 |
| 8d. Pill (\%) | 4.5 | 4.6 | (5.7) | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 2.9 |
| 8e. Condom (\%) | 22.9 | 11.2 | (8.7) | 18.3 | 31.9 | 17.5 | 20.5 |
| Unmet need for family planning |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Total unmet need (\%) | 7.8 | 10.8 | (25.3) | 10.8 | 4.2 | 13.4 | 15.4 |
| 9a. For spacing (\%) | 3.3 | 3.9 | (9.2) | 5.0 | 2.1 | 5.9 | 7.6 |
| 9b. For limiting (\%) | 4.5 | 6.9 | (16.1) | 5.8 | 2.1 | 7.5 | 7.9 |
| Maternal and Child Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maternity care (for births in the last 3 years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Mothers who had at least 3 antenatal care visits for their last birth (\%) 11. Mothers who consumed IFA for 90 days or more when they were pregnant with their | 74.4 | 51.9 | * | 69.2 | 93.0 | 68.9 | 72.2 |
| 11. Mothers who consumed IFA for 90 days or more when they were pregnant with their last child (\%) | 38.3 | 13.6 | * | 26.3 | 62.8 | na | na |
| 12. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (\%) ${ }^{2}$ | 65.1 | 32.8 | * | 59.1 | 93.2 | 65.9 | 53.8 |
| 13. Institutional births (\%) ${ }^{2}$ | 60.7 | 26.8 | * | 54.0 | 91.0 | 59.1 | 45.3 |
| 14. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery for their last birth (\%) ${ }^{2}$ | 50.4 | 24.5 | * | 34.5 | 78.0 | na | na |
| Child immunization and vitamin A supplementation ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15a. Children 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio/DPT) (\%) | 63.2 | 44.2 | * | (67.2) | 76.2 | 69.8 | 57.8 |
| 15b. Children 12-23 months who have received BCG (\%) | 87.0 | 68.1 | * | (90.2) | 100.0 | 92.0 | 90.1 |
| 15c. Children 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (\%) | 79.1 | 66.2 | * | (85.8) | 86.0 | 81.0 | 75.6 |
| 15 d . Children 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (\%) | 71.7 | 49.6 | * | (74.0) | 86.5 | 79.9 | 71.6 |
| 15e. Children 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (\%) | 78.2 | 55.4 | * | (82.1) | 93.3 | 77.5 | 69.6 |
| 16. Children age 12-35 months who received a vitamin $A$ dose in last 6 months (\%) | 20.3 | 12.6 | * | 18.5 | 26.4 | na | na |
| Treatment of childhood diseases (children under 3 years) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received ORS (\%) | 34.4 | (27.5) | * | * | * | 39.1 | 18.9 |
| 18. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (\%) | 75.1 | (73.6) | * | * | * | 80.1 | 66.2 |
| 19. Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (\%) | 93.1 | (91.9) | * | (90.9) | (95.5) | na | na |
| Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children ${ }^{\text {2,3 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth (\%) | 19.3 | 17.8 | * | 13.7 | 24.2 | 23.8 | 6.3 |
| 21. Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed (\%) | 34.5 | (36.4) | * | (31.8) | (31.9) | na | na |
| 22. Children age 6-9 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk (\%) | 59.8 | (61.4) | * | * | (52.4) | na | na |
| 23. Children under 3 years who are stunted (\%) | 43.2 | 54.2 | * | 49.5 | 31.1 | 43.2 | 46.9 |
| 24. Children under 3 years who are wasted (\%) | 17.2 | 19.6 | * | 13.5 | 18.4 | 15.7 | 15.9 |
| 25. Children under 3 years who are underweight (\%) | 24.9 | 34.8 | * | 26.1 | 17.5 | 29.9 | 36.2 |
| Nutritional Status of Ever-Married Adults (age 15-49) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. Women whose Body Mass Index is below normal (\%) | 10.6 | 15.4 | (14.5) | 14.6 | 6.0 | 12.0 | na |
| 27. Men whose Body Mass Index is below normal (\%) | 10.4 | 20.7 | * | 13.3 | 6.2 | na | na |
| 28. Women who are overweight or obese (\%) | 32.9 | 24.2 | (10.7) | 29.0 | 40.2 | 33.8 | na |
| 29. Men who are overweight or obese (\%) | 24.0 | 17.4 | * | 16.4 | 29.7 | na | na |
| Anaemia among Children and Adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. Children age 6-35 months who are anaemic (\%) | 63.2 | 71.4 | * | 67.6 | 53.9 | 69.0 | na |
| 31. Ever-married women age 15-49 who are anaemic (\%) | 43.3 | 48.9 | (42.3) | 43.2 | 40.3 | 40.5 | na |
| 32. Pregnant women age 15-49 who are anaemic (\%) | 29.9 | (36.2) | * | (30.9) | (22.8) | 34.7 | na |
| 33. Ever-married men age 15-49 who are anaemic (\%) | 18.9 | 28.5 | * | 22.5 | 14.9 | na | na |
| Knowledge of HIV/AIDS among Ever-Married Adults (age 15-49) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. Women who have heard of AIDS (\%) | 88.1 | 65.4 | 86.1 | 91.8 | 99.4 | 79.2 | 35.8 |
| 35. Men who have heard of AIDS (\%) | 97.0 | 84.4 | * | 97.5 | 99.7 | na | na |
| 36. Women who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HIV/AIDS (\%) | 77.0 | 47.3 | 58.2 | 76.2 | 95.0 | na | na |
| 37. Men who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting HIV/AIDS (\%) | 92.4 | 69.4 | * | 93.6 | 97.5 | na | na |
| Women's Empowerment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38. Currently married women who usually participate in household decisions (\%) | 52.0 | 50.4 | (36.2) | 50.1 | 54.3 | na | na |
| 39. Ever-married women who have ever experienced spousal violence (\%) | 16.3 | 28.9 | (28.9) | 20.7 | 6.5 | na | na |

na : Not available
nc : Not calculated because there are no cases
( ) Based on 25-49 unweighted cases

* Based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Excludes pregnant women.
${ }^{2}$ Based on the last 2 births in the 3 years before the survey to ever-married women.
Based on WHO standard.
${ }^{4}$ For children education refers to mother's education. Children with missing information on the mother's education are not included in the education columns.

