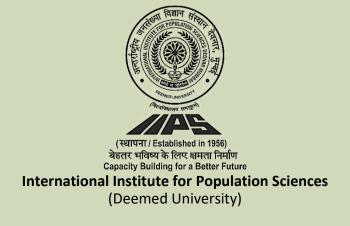


NATIONAL FAMILY HEALTH SURVEY - 5

2019-21

DISTRICT FACT SHEET

DEBAGARH ODISHA



Introduction

The National Family Health Survey 2019-21 (NFHS-5), the fifth in the NFHS series, provides information on population, health, and nutrition for India and each state/union territory (UT). Like NFHS-4, NFHS-5 also provides district-level estimates for many important indicators.

The contents of NFHS-5 are similar to NFHS-4 to allow comparisons over time. However, NFHS-5 includes some new topics, such as preschool education, disability, access to a toilet facility, death registration, bathing practices during menstruation, and methods and reasons for abortion. The scope of clinical, anthropometric, and biochemical testing (CAB) has also been expanded to include measurement of waist and hip circumferences, and the age range for the measurement of blood pressure and blood glucose has been expanded. However, HIV testing has been dropped. The NFHS-5 sample has been designed to provide national, state/union territory (UT), and district level estimates of various indicators covered in the survey. However, estimates of indicators of sexual behaviour; husband's background and woman's work; HIV/AIDS knowledge, attitudes and behaviour; and domestic violence are available only at the state/union territory (UT) and national level.

As in the earlier rounds, the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, designated the International Institute for Population Sciences, Mumbai, as the nodal agency to conduct NFHS-5. The main objective of each successive round of the NFHS has been to provide high-quality data on health and family welfare and emerging issues in this area. NFHS-5 data will be useful in setting benchmarks and examining the progress the health sector has made over time. Besides providing evidence for the effectiveness of ongoing programmes, the data from NFHS-5 help in identifying the need for new programmes with an area specific focus and identifying groups that are most in need of essential services.

Four Survey Schedules - Household, Woman's, Man's, and Biomarker - were canvassed in local languages using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In the Household Schedule, information was collected on all usual members of the household and visitors who stayed in the household the previous night, as well as socio-economic characteristics of the household; water, sanitation, and hygiene; health insurance coverage; disabilities; land ownership; number of deaths in the household in the three years preceding the survey; and the ownership and use of mosquito nets. The Woman's Schedule covered a wide variety of topics, including the woman's characteristics, marriage, fertility, contraception, children's immunizations and healthcare, nutrition, reproductive health, sexual behaviour, HIV/AIDS, women's empowerment, and domestic violence. The Man's Schedule covered the man's characteristics, marriage, his number of children, contraception, fertility preferences, nutrition, sexual behaviour, health issues, attitudes towards gender roles, and HIV/AIDS. The Biomarker Schedule covered measurements of height, weight, and haemoglobin levels for children; measurements of height, weight, waist and hip circumference, and haemoglobin levels for women age 15-49 years and men age 15-54 years; and blood pressure and random blood glucose levels for women and men age 15 years and over. In addition, women and men were requested to provide a few additional drops of blood from a finger prick for laboratory testing for HbA1c, malaria parasites, and Vitamin D3.

Readers should be cautious while interpreting and comparing the trends as some States/UTs may have smaller sample size. Moreover, at the time of survey, *Ayushman Bharat* AB-PMJAY and *Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan* (PMSMA) were not fully rolled out and hence, their coverage may not have been factored in the results of indicator 12 (percentage of households with any usual member covered under a health insurance/financing scheme) and indicator 33 (percentage of mothers who received 4 or more antenatal care check-ups).

This fact sheet provides information on key indicators and trends for Debagarh. Due to the Covid-19 situation and the imposition of lockdown, NFHS-5 fieldwork in phase 2 States/UTs was conducted in two parts. NFHS-5 fieldwork for Odisha was conducted from 19th January 2020 to 21st March 2020 prior to the lockdown and from 30th November 2020 to 31st March 2021 post lockdown by Indian Institute of Health Management Research (IIHMR). In Debagarh, information was gathered from 857 households, 859 women, and 114 men.

Debagarh, Odisha - Key Indicators

Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-21)	NFHS-4 (2015-16)
Population and Household Profile	Total	Total
1. Female population age 6 years and above who ever attended school (%)	71.8	69.3
2. Population below age 15 years (%)	25.0	28.8
3. Sex ratio of the total population (females per 1,000 males)	1,053	1,072
4. Sex ratio at birth for children born in the last five years (females per 1,000 males)	822	1,136
5. Children under age 5 years whose birth was registered with the civil authority (%)	92.4	65.1
6. Deaths in the last 3 years registered with the civil authority (%)	67.9	na
7. Population living in households with electricity (%)	95.3	82.5
8. Population living in households with an improved drinking-water source ¹ (%)	86.2	85.5
9. Population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility ² (%)	69.9	32.5
10. Households using clean fuel for cooking ³ (%)	18.4	7.4
11. Households using iodized salt (%)	98.8	93.5
12. Households with any usual member covered under a health insurance/financing scheme (%)	57.5	51.7
13. Children age 5 years who attended pre-primary school during the school year 2019-20 (%)	9.8	na
Characteristics of Women (age 15-49 years)		
14. Women who are literate ⁴ (%)	66.7	na
15. Women with 10 or more years of schooling (%)	31.3	25.6
Marriage and Fertility		
16. Women age 20-24 years married before age 18 years (%)	19.2	23.4
17. Births in the 5 years preceding the survey that are third or higher order (%)	0.9	1.9
18. Women age 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of the survey (%)	8.5	12.7
19. Women age 15-24 years who use hygienic methods of protection during their menstrual period ⁵ (%)	79.4	39.4
Current Use of Family Planning Methods (currently married women age 15-49 years)		
20. Any method ⁶ (%)	74.1	44.7
21. Any modern method ⁶ (%)	42.8	30.2
22. Female sterilization (%)	21.9	16.9
23. Male sterilization (%)	0.0	0.2
24. IUD/PPIUD (%)	4.1	2.9
25. Pill (%)	11.9	7.9
26. Condom (%)	3.8	1.2
27. Injectables (%)	0.2	0.2
Unmet Need for Family Planning (currently married women age 15–49 years)		
28. Total unmet need ⁷ (%)	6.8	17.7
29. Unmet need for spacing ⁷ (%)	2.4	5.9
Quality of Family Planning Services		
30. Health worker ever talked to female non-users about family planning (%)	21.0	26.6
31. Current users ever told about side effects of current method8 (%)	71.4	44.8

Note: Major indicators are highlighted in grey.

LHV = Lady health visitor, ANM = Auxiliary nurse midwife

na = Not available

¹Piped water into dwelling/yard/plot, piped to neighbour, public tap/standpipe, tube well or borehole, protected dug well, protected spring, rainwater, tanker truck, cart with small tank, bottled water, community RO plant.

²Flush to piped sewer system, flush to septic tank, flush to pit latrine, flush to don't know where, ventilated improved pit (VIP)/biogas latrine, pit latrine with slab, twin

pit/composting toilet, which is not shared with any other household. This indicator does not denote access to toilet facility completely.

³Electricity, LPG/natural gas, biogas.

⁴Refers to women who completed standard 9 or higher and women who can read a whole sentence or part of a sentence.

⁵Locally prepared napkins, sanitary napkins, tampons, and menstrual cups are considered to be hygienic methods of protection.

- ⁶Any method includes other methods that are not shown separately, Any modern method includes other modern methods that are not shown separately.
- ⁷Unmet need for family planning refers to fecund women who are not using contraception but who wish to postpone the next birth (spacing) or stop childbearing altogether (limiting). Specifically, women are considered to have unmet need for spacing if they are:
- · At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and either do not want to become pregnant within the next two years, or are unsure if or when they want to become pregnant.
- · Pregnant with a mistimed pregnancy.
- Postpartum amenorrhoeic for up to two years following a mistimed birth and not using contraception.
- Women are considered to have unmet need for limiting if they are:
- · At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and want no (more) children.
- Pregnant with an unwanted pregnancy.
- Postpartum amenorrhoeic for up to two years following an unwanted birth and not using contraception.

Women who are classified as infecund have no unmet need because they are not at risk of becoming pregnant. Unmet need for family planning is the sum of unmet need

for spacing plus unmet need for limiting.

Based on current users of female sterilization, IUD/PPIUD, injectables, and pills who started using that method in the past 5 years.

⁽⁾ Based on 25-49 unweighted cases

* Percentage not shown; based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Debagarh, Odisha - Kev Indicators

Indicators Maternal and Child Health Total Total	Debagain, Odisha - Ney mulcators		
32. Mothers who had an antenatal check-up in the first trimester (%) 75.2 49.9 32. Mothers who had a natenatal check-up in the first trimester (%) 77.5 58.4 34. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 77.5 58.4 34. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus (%) 77.5 58.4 34. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 60.2 34.0 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 100.0 96.9 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 100.0 96.9 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 100.0 96.9 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/invusel/LH/VANM/individe/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 4,319 39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 4,319 4,283 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 4,16 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/inusel/LH/VANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 89.0 na Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births (%) 91.2 85.3 43. Institutional births (%) 91.2 85.3 43. Institutional births (%) 91.2 85.3 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 90.8 86.7 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 90.8 86.7 47. Births in a public facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 90.8 86.7 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 90.8 86.7 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 90.8 86.7 48. Births and private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 90.8 86.7 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (%) 90.9 9.7 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio v	Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-21)	NFHS-4 (2015-16)
32. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 33. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 34. Mothers who sel last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus" (%) 35. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 38. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-	Maternal and Child Health	Total	Total
32. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 33. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 34. Mothers who sel last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus" (%) 35. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 38. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-	Maternity Care (for last birth in the 5 years before the survey)		
33. Mothers who bad at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 34. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus® (%) 35. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 38. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 88.0 78. 88.0 78. 89.0 78. 89.0 78. 89.0 78. 89.0 89.		75.2	49.9
34. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus* (%) 35. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 38. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 42. Institutional births in the 5 years before the survey 42. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel* (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card on mother's recall* (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only* (100.0) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received BGC (%) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 41. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 42. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 43. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 44. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 45. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
35. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/murse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/murse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 42. Institutional births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel **(%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel **(%) 46. Births delivered by casearean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall** (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1*3 (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 57. Child			
36. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 31.7 31.7 37. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 30.0 96.9 38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANI/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 88.5 71.2 39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 4.319 4.263 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility or a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) * (14.6) 41. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility or a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) * (14.6) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANI/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 91.2 85.3 43. Institutional births (%) 90.8 85.4 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 90.8 85.7 46. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 90.8 85.7 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) (54.6) * 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 10.3 6.3 63. Children age 12-23 months with one vereived BCG (%) (100.0) 90.7 68.4 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only 12 (%) (97.1) (74.6) 90.7 68.4 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccination (and only 12 (%) (100.0) 90.7 68.4 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccination (and only 12 (%) (100.0) 90.7 68.4 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccination (and only 14 (%) (100.0) 90.7 68.4 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccination (and only 14 (%) (100.0) 90.7 68.4 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccinations in a private health			
38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 89.0 na Pellivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel¹0 (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel¹0 (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months tully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall¹ (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months swho have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine1³ (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of retainus accine1³ (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of retainus accine1	, , ,		
38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 4,319 4,263 39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 4,319 4,263 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 5 care delivery (%) 89.0 7 care delivery (%) 89.0 89.0 7 care delivery (%) 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100.0	96.9
39. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.) 40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received a vitamin A dose in the l	38. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2		
40. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card on mother's recall* 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polito vaccine (%) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polito vaccine (%) 41. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 42. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 43. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 44. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 45. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 46. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 47. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 48. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 41. On a 10. On a 1			
41. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) Pelivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 11-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 51. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (OR		*	
Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 47. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Child Vaccinations and Vitamin A Supplementation 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received			(1)
Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 42. Institutional births (%) 91.2 85.3 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 76.6 78.5 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 3.7 2.8 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 90.8 86.7 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 15.9 8.5 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 10.3 6.3 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 10.3 6.3 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) (100.0) 68.4 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 96.7 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) (100.0) 96.7 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) (100.0) 96.8 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 96.8 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 96.8 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 96.5 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) (100.0) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) (100.0) (100.0) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the su		89.0	na
42. Institutional births (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel ¹⁰ (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel ¹⁰ (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall ¹¹ (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card only ¹² (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine ¹³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 61. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 62. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 63. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 64. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 65. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the surve			
43. Institutional births in public facility (%) 44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Child Vaccinations and Vitamin A Supplementation 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) 40. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 40. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 41. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 42. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 43. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 44. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 45. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 46. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 47. 0 48. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 48. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 49. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 40. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 40. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey tho received preceding the survey (%) 40. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey		91.2	85.3
44. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 45. Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (1%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card orly (100.0) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (3%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 61. One 62. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the s			
45. Births attended by skilled health personnel ¹⁰ (%) 46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall ¹¹ (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only ¹² (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine ¹³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 61. On 0. 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received ginc (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute resp	. , , ,		
46. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall¹¹ (%) 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only¹² (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only¹² (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine¹³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine¹³ (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of reasles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of reasles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 50. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 51. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 52. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 53. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%)			
47. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) 10.3 6.3 Child Vaccinations and Vitamin A Supplementation 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall*1 (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only*2 (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine*13 (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine*14 (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine*14 (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine*16 (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey than to a health facility or health provider (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health fa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
48. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%) Child Vaccinations and Vitamin A Supplementation 49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only (100.0) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 60. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*
Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall*1 (%) (100.0) 68.4 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only*2 (%) (97.1) (74.6) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) (100.0) 96.7 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine*3 (%) (100.0) 96.7 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 90.2 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 90.2 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (100.0) 86.4 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			6.3
49. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall ¹¹ (%) 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only ¹² (%) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine ¹³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 12-23 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 24-35 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine (MCV) (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			
mother's recall ¹¹ (%) (100.0) 68.4 50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only ¹² (%) (97.1) (74.6) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) (100.0) 96.7 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine ¹³ (%) (100.0) 76.8 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 90.2 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (100.0) 86.4 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 21-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (MCV) (%) (97.2) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) (62.2) (64.5) (63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) (63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (77.9) (59.4) (65. Prevalence of symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) (65. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	• •		
50. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only 12 (%) (97.1) (74.6) 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) (100.0) 96.7 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine 13 (%) (100.0) 76.8 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) (100.0) 90.2 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (100.0) 86.4 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine 14 (%) (97.2) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		(100.0)	68.4
51. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine 13 (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine 14 (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			(74.6)
52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine ¹³ (%) 53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine ¹⁴ (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine (%) 58. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 59. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		, ,	, ,
53. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%) 54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine (MCV) (%) 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	· · ·	(100.0)	76.8
54. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (100.0) 86.4 55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine (MCV) (%) (97.2) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	(100.0)	90.2
55. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%) (47.0) na 56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine (4 (%) (97.2) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		(100.0)	86.4
56. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine 14 (%) (97.2) na 57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		(47.0)	
57. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%) (100.0) 75.2 58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 80.9 77.3 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		(97.2)	na
58. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%) 59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	ļ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		75.2
59. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%) (100.0) 100.0 60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	,	77.3
60. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%) (0.0) 0.0 Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 13.4 13.1 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) (62.2) (64.5) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) (43.4) (8.9) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) (77.9) (59.4) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			
Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years) 61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		(0.0)	
61. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)		
62. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%) 63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		13.4	13.1
63. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%) 64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			
64. Children with diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%) 65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or		, ,	
65. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%) 4.4 2.4 66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
66. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or			
		(84.6)	65.9

⁹Includes mothers with two injections during the pregnancy for their last birth, or two or more injections (the last within 3 years of the last live birth), or three or more injections (the last within 5 years of the last birth), or four or more injections (the last within 10 years of the last live birth), or five or more injections at any time prior to the

last birth.

10 Doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel.

11 Vaccinated with BCG, measles-containing vaccine (MCV)/MR/MMR/Measles, and 3 doses each of polio (excluding polio vaccine given at birth) and DPT or penta vaccine.

12 Among children whose vaccination card was shown to the interviewer, percentage vaccinated with BCG, measles-containing vaccine (MCV)/MR/MMR/Measles, and 3 doses each of polio (excluding polio vaccine given at birth) and DPT or penta vaccine.

13 Not including polio vaccination given at birth.

14 Since rotavirus is not being provided across all states and districts, the levels should not be compared.

Debagarh, Odisha - Key Indicators

NFHS-5 Child reading Practices and Nutritional Status of Children	Debagain, Odisha - Rey indicators		
Total Tot		NFHS-5	NFHS-4
67. Children under age 3 years braastfed within one hour of birth ¹⁵ (%) 68. Children under age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmik!* (%) 70. Briesatfeeding children age 6-28 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16, 17} (%) 71. Non-horeastiededing children age 6-28 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16, 17} (%) 72. Total children age 6-28 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16, 17} (%) 73. Children under 5 years who are sutrated (height-for-age) ¹⁶ (%) 74. Children under 5 years who are sutrated (height-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 75. Children under 5 years who are extreated (weight-for-leight) ¹⁸ (%) 76. Children under 5 years who are extreated (weight-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 77. Children under 5 years who are extreated (weight-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 78. Women under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 79. Women under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 79. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is blown vormal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 79. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is blown vormal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ³¹ (%) 79. Women who are overweight vormal or an americ (11.0 g/d) ²² (%) 70. Value of the company of the comp	Indicators	(2019-21)	(2015-16)
68. Children under age 6 months exclusively breasted "(%) 69. Children age 6-8 months receiving soll of or semi-soll food and breastmik!* (%) 71. Non-breastleeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet*. "(%) 71. Non-breastleeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet*. "(%) 71. Non-breastleeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet*. "(%) 73. Children under 5 years who are sustated (%) exprive an adequate diet*. "(%) 74. Children under 5 years who are sustated (%) exprive (%) 75. Children under 5 years who are sustated (%) explicit-for-height)* (%) 76. Children under 5 years who are sevated (weight-for-height)* (%) 77. Children under 5 years who are sevated (weight-for-height)* (%) 77. Children under 5 years who are sevated (weight-for-height)* (%) 77. Children under 5 years who are verweight (weight-for-height)* (%) 77. Children under 5 years who are verweight (weight-for-height)* (%) 78. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²! (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25 0 kg/m²)²! (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25 0 kg/m²)²! (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25 0 kg/m²)²! (%) 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25 0 kg/m²)²! (%) 79. Women who are overweight wast-to-hip ratio (20.85) (%) 70. 24. Anaemia among Children and Women 81. Children age 6-59 months wast-to-hip ratio (20.85) (%) 70. 25. Anaemia among Children and Women 82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl)²² (%) 70. 26. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl)²² (%) 70. Anaemia among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 83. Blood sugar level - hiph (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 84. Blood sugar level - hiph (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 85. Blood sugar level - hiph (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 87. Blood sugar level - hiph (140 mg/dl)²² (%) 89. Blood sugar level - hiph (140 mg/dl)²² (%) 90. Blood sugar level - hiph (140 mg/dl)²² (%) 91. Blood sugar level - hiph (140 mg/dl)²² (%) 92	•	Total	Total
69. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk* (%) 13.0 11.0 71. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16, 17} (%) 13.0 17. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16, 17} (%) 13.0 17. Children under 5 years who are sunted (height-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are sunted (height-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are sunted (weight-for-height) ¹⁹ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are susted (weight-for-height) ¹⁹ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are severely weight-for-height) ¹⁹ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are severely weight-for-height) ¹⁹ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are severely weight-for-height) ¹⁹ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are wereveight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are wereveight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are wereveight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are were vereight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are were vereight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Children under 5 years who are were vereight (weight-for-age) ¹⁰ (%) 17. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 18. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 19. Women who are overweight for obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight wais-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are overweight (≥0.85) (%) 19. Women who are ove	· ,	71.5	72.4
7.0. Breastfeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet. * 7 (%) 1.0 1.0 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		*	(69.0)
7.1. Non-breastfeading children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{16,17} (%) 7.2. Total children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹⁸ (%) 7.3. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-beight) ¹⁸ (%) 7.5. Women who see Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 7.8. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) ²¹ (%) 7.9. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (20.85) (%) 7.9. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (20.85) (%) 7.9. Non-pregnant women age 6-59 months who are anaemic (12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 7.9. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 7.9. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 7.9. Should sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 8. Blood sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 8. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²² (%) 7.9. na 8. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²² (%) 8. 2. na 8. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²² (%) 8. 2. na 8. Blood sugar level - very high (140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²² (%) 8. 2. na 9. Blood sugar level - very high (140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²² (%) 9. 10. na Men Men Men Men Hyertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) 9. 10. na 10. Blood sugar level - high (*	*
7.7. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{8.7.9} (%) 7.3. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ^{18.6} (%) 7.4. Children under 5 years who are susted (weight-for-height) ^{18.6} (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are swertely wasted (weight-for-height) ^{18.6} (%) 7.6. Children under 5 years who are swertely wasted (weight-for-height) ^{18.6} (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height) ^{28.6} (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height) ^{28.6} (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height) ^{28.6} (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height) ^{28.6} (%) 7.8. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) ^{21.6} (%) 8.0. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²) ^{28.6} (%) 8.0. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (20.85) (%) 7.2. Anaemia among Children and Women 8.1. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ^{22.6} (%) 8.2. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ^{22.6} (%) 7.2. 42.6 8.2. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<10.0 g/dl) ^{22.6} (%) 7.2. 42.6 8.3. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<10.0 g/dl) ^{22.6} (%) 7.2. 42.6 8.4. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic ^{22.6} (%) 8.5. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.6. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.7. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.8. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (14.1-160 mg/dl) ^{23.6} (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (11.0
7.3. Children under 5 years who are sutuned (height-for-loage)			*
7.4. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height)¹¹² (%) 7.5. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)¹³ (%) 7.6. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)³² (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)³² (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)³² (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)³² (%) 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)³² (%) 7.8. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 7.9. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 8.0. Women who are overweight to robese (BMI) ≥25 0 kg/m³2¹ (%) 8.0. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 8.1. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.1. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.2. Non-prognant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.3. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.3. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.5. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%) 8.6. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 8.7. Blood sugar level - wigh (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 8.8. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 8.8. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²² (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.9. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.0. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.1 Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.2 Dlood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)² (%) 8.3. Momen gap 19 keyar sand above Women 9.2. Midly elevated blood press			
7.5. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)¹⁰ (%) 3.2 3.7 7.6. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)²⁰ (%) 3.2 1.3 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)²⁰ (%) 3.2 1.3 7.7. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)²⁰ (%) 2.3.3 3.1.4 7.8. Women whose Body Mass Idex (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%)			
7.6. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-age)¹² (%) 3.3 37.5 7.7. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-leight)²²0 (%) 3.2 1.3 Nutritional Status of Women (age 15-49 years) 23.3 31.4 7.8. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI e18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 54.7 na 7.9. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25 0 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 54.7 na Anaemia among Children and Women 61.5 30.0 81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%)	, , , ,		
77. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height)²0 (%) Nutritional Status of Women (age 15-49 years) 78. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²1 (%) 13.4 79. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²)²1 (%) 13.4 10.8 80. Women who have high risk waist-to-high ratio (≥0.85) (%) 81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 83. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 84. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²2 (%) 86. Blood sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 87. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 88. Blood sugar level - wry high (<160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 89. Blood sugar level - wry high (<160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 80. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 81. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²2 (%) 82. In a general level - wry high (<160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 83. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 84. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 85. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 87. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 80. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 81. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²3 (%) 82. In a general level - wry high (<140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level²3 (%) 81. Blood sugar level - high or very high (<140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood gressure (%) sugar level - high or very high (<140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood gressure (%) sugar level - high or very high (<140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood gressure (%) sugar level - high or very high (<140 mg/dl) or ta			
Nutritional Status of Women (age 15-49 years) 78. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 13.4 10.8 13.4			
78. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m²)²¹ (%)		3.2	1.3
19.9. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m²)²¹ (%) 13.4 10.8 80. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 54.7 na Anaemia among Children and Women 54.7 a.0 81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%)	, - ,		
80. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%) 54.7 na Anaemia among Children and Women 61.5 30.0 81. Children age 6-99 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)²² (%)			
### Anaemia among Children and Women ### 81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 83. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 84. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) ### 86. Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) ### 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 88. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 88. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³ (%) ### 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) ²³			
81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.1 42.7 82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.1 42.7 83. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<10.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.2 42.6 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (≥10.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.2 42.6 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (≥10.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 73.5 45.9 810od Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 76.0 na 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 76.0 na 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 89. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 76.0 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>150 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 77.0 na 90. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥0.9 mm of Hg) (%) 90.0 na 90. Magnetately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥0.0 mm of Hg) (%) 90.0 na 90. Severun dergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 90.0 na 90. Sever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90.0 na 90. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90.0 na 90. Ever undergone a breast examination for oral cancer (%) 90.0 na 90. Ever undergone a breast exam		54.7	na
82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.1 (41.7 83. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.2 (42.6 85. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 (45.9 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 (45.9 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 (45.9 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 (45.9 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 (7			
83. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%) 72.2 42.6 84.1 women age 15-49 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 73.5 45.9 8160d Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 56. na 87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 4.5 na 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 10.7 na 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 10.7 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 10.7 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 7.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic 240 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 5.5 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 5.5 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 290 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 290 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 290 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 290 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 91. Blood pressure (Systolic 2140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 290 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na	81. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) ²² (%)	61.5	30.0
84. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 86. Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 80. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 81. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 82. ana (90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 81. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 82. ana (90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 83. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 84. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 85. ana (91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 85. ana (94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 86. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 87. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taki	82. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) ²² (%)	72.1	42.7
85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%) 345.9 345		*	(41.1)
Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above)	84. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic ²² (%)	72.2	42.6
Women 86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 5.6 na 87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 4.5 na 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 10.7 na Men 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 7.9 na 90. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 7.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 11.8 na 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 17.0 na 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blo	85. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic ²² (%)	73.5	45.9
86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 92. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 93. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 94. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 88. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 104. Handle Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Alexandra (Ale	Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above)		
87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl)²³ (%) 88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl)²³ (%) 90. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl)²³ (%) 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level²³ (%) 16.9 16.9 17.9 18. 19. Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 80. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 80. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 90. Page 10. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone a breast and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 104. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 105. Page 10. The first properties (%) 106. Page 10. The first properties	Women		
88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 80. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 17.9 18. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 17.9 18. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 18. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 18. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 19. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 11.8 11.8 12.1 12.1 13. Men 14. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 15. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 17.0 18. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 17.0 18. Stereundergone a severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 17.0 18. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 19. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 19. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 10. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 10. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 10. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 10. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%)	86. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%)	5.6	na
Men 89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 8.2 na 90. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 7.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 11.8 na 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 5.5 na 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 20.1 na Men Men 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 7.0 na 95. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 7.5 na Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 27.5 na Sever undergone a	87. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%)	4.5	na
89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 7.9 na 90. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 16.9 na 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) 16.9 na Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 11.8 na 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 5.5 na 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 20.1 na Men 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 17.0 na 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥0.99 mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥00 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control 27.5 na Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 0.9 na 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 0.0 na 100. Ever undergone a noral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 0.0 na 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 0.0 na 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 59.2 na 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 59.2 na 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 6.9 na	88. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%)	10.7	na
90. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) ²³ (%) 91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90. na 90. Ever undergone a noral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	Men		
91. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level ²³ (%) Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above) Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) Men 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone a no ral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	89. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) ²³ (%)	8.2	na
Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 95. 5. 5 96. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 98. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 99. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 80. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 91. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 92. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Tabacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)		7.9	na
Women 92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 85. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 88. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone a noral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 6.9 na		16.9	na
92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 85. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 105. Tobacco Use and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 106. 9 na			
93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 8creening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 90.0 na 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. na 106. Men add the first taking medicine to control breadtion of Hg) (%) 17.0 na 18. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 105. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 106. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 107. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 108. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above)	Women		
93. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 85. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 80. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. na 106. mand Hg) or taking medicine to control hg) (%) 17.0 na 17.0 na 17.0 na 18. Ever undergone on the diameter of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control because to control because to control hg or taking medicine to control because to c	92. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	11.8	na
94. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) Men 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 88. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Taking medicine to control pand of Hg) or taking medicine to control pand of		5.5	
blood pressure (%) Men 95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 87. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 98. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 106. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 107. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 108. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	, , ,		
95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 8creening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 107. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 108. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 109. Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 101. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	(01)	20.1	na
96. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100mm of Hg) (%) 7.8 na 97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) 27.5 na Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 6.9 na	Men		
97. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%) Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 107. Screening medicine to control 27.5 108. No string medicine to control 27.5 109. No string medicine to	95. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	17.0	na
blood pressure (%) Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 106. Streening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 107. Description of the service of the		7.8	na
blood pressure (%) Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 106. Streening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years) 107. Description of the service of the			
98. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%) 99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 107. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 108. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)			na
99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%) 100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 107. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 108. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 109. The second state of the second s	Screening for Cancer among Women (age 30-49 years)		
100. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%) Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above) 101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 104. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 105. Men age 16 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 107. Men age 17 years and above who consume alcohol (%)		0.9	na
Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above)101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)20.8na102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)59.2na103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)6.9na	99. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%)	0.0	na
101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)20.8na102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)59.2na103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)6.9na		0.2	na
102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%) 59.2 103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 6.9 na	Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above)		
103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 6.9 na	101. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)	20.8	na
	102. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)	59.2	na
104. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%) 44.2 na	103. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	6.9	na
	104. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	44.2	na

¹⁵Based on the last child born in the 3 years before the survey.

¹⁶Based on the youngest child living with the mother.

¹⁷Breastfed children receiving 4 or more food groups and a minimum meal frequency, non-breastfed children fed with a minimum of 3 Infant and Young Child Feeding Practices (fed with other milk or milk products at least twice a day, a minimum meal frequency that is, receiving solid or semi-solid food at least twice a day for breastfed infants 6-8 months and at least three times a day for breastfed children 9-23 months, and solid or semi-solid foods from at least four food groups not including the milk or milk products food group).

18Below -2 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard.

19Below -3 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard.

20Above +2 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard.

²¹Excludes pregnant women and women with a birth in the preceding 2 months.

²²Haemoglobin in grams per decilitre (g/dl). Among children, prevalence is adjusted for altitude. Among women, prevalence is adjusted for altitude and for smoking status, if known. As NFHS uses the capillary blood for estimation of anaemia, the results of NFHS-5 need not be compared with other surveys using venous blood. ²³Random blood sugar measurement.

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR POPULATION SCIENCES

Vision: "To position IIPS as a premier teaching and research institution in population sciences responsive to emerging

national and global needs based on values of inclusion, sensitivity and rights protection."

Mission: "The Institute will strive to be a centre of excellence on population, health and development issues through high

quality education, teaching and research. This will be achieved by (a) creating competent professionals, (b) generating and disseminating scientific knowledge and evidence, (c) collaboration and exchange of knowledge, and

(d) advocacy and awareness."

For additional information, please contact:

Director/Principal Investigator (NFHS-5)
International Institute for Population Sciences

Govandi Station Road, Deonar Mumbai - 400 088 (India) Telephone: 022 - 42372467

Email: nfhs52017@gmail.com, director@iipsindia.ac.in

Website: http://www.iipsindia.ac.in

http://www.rchiips.org/nfhs/index.shtml

Director General (Stats.)
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Government of India

Statistics Division
Indian Red Cross Society Building
New Delhi 110 001 (India)

Telephone: 011 - 23736979 or 23350003

Email: sandhya.k@nic.in

Deputy Director General (Stats.)
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Government of India

Statistics Division Indian Red Cross Society Building New Delhi 110 001 (India) Telephone: 011 - 23736982

Email: dk.ojha@gov.in

Website: http://www.mohfw.gov.in

Technical assistance and additional funding for NFHS-5 was provided by the USAID-supported Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Program, ICF, USA. The contents of this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID or the United States Government.

