

NATIONAL FAMILY HEALTH SURVEY - 4



DISTRICT FACT SHEET RATLAM MADHYA PRADESH



International Institute for Population Sciences (Deemed University) Mumbai

Introduction

The National Family Health Survey 2015-16 (NFHS-4), the fourth in the NFHS series, provides information on population, health and nutrition for India and each State / Union territory. NFHS-4, for the first time, provides district-level estimates for many important indicators.

The contents of previous rounds of NFHS are generally retained and additional components are added from one round to another. In this round, information on malaria prevention, migration in the context of HIV, abortion, violence during pregnancy etc. have been added. The scope of clinical, anthropometric, and biochemical testing (CAB) or Biomarker component has been expanded to include measurement of blood pressure and blood glucose levels. NFHS-4 sample has been designed to provide district and higher level estimates of various indicators covered in the survey. However, estimates of indicators of sexual behaviour, husband's background and woman's work, HIV/AIDS knowledge, attitudes and behaviour, and, domestic violence will be available at State and national level only.

As in the earlier rounds, the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India designated International Institute for Population Sciences, Mumbai as the nodal agency to conduct NFHS-4. The main objective of each successive round of the NFHS has been to provide essential data on health and family welfare and emerging issues in this area. NFHS-4 data will be useful in setting benchmarks and examining the progress in health sector the country has made over time. Besides providing evidence for the effectiveness of the ongoing programmes, the data from NFHS-4 help in identifying need for new programmes with area specific focus.

Four Survey Schedules - Household, Woman's, Man's and Biomarker - were canvassed in local language using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In the Household Schedule, information was collected on all usual members of the household and visitors who stayed in the household the previous night as well as socio-economic characteristics of the household, water and sanitation, health insurance, number of deaths in the household in the three years preceding the survey etc. Information on the woman's characteristics, marriage, fertility, children's immunizations and childcare, nutrition, contraception, reproductive health, sexual behaviour, HIV/AIDS, domestic violence, etc. was canvassed in the Woman's Schedule. The Man's Schedule covered the man's characteristics, marriage, his number of children, contraception, fertility preferences, nutrition, sexual behaviour, attitudes towards gender roles, HIV/AIDS, etc. The Biomarker Schedule covered measurements of height, weight and haemoglobin levels for children; measurements of height, weight, haemoglobin levels, blood pressure, and random blood glucose level for women aged 15-49 years and men aged 15-54 years. In addition, women and men were requested to provide a few drops of blood from a finger prick for laboratory testing for HIV.

This fact sheet provides information on key indicators and trends for Ratlam. NFHS-4 fieldwork for Madhya Pradesh was conducted from 29 January 2015 to 24 July 2015 by Academy of Management Studies (AMS). In Ratlam, information was gathered from 933 households, 1,088 women, and 166 men. The fact sheet shows information for rural areas and the district as a whole because Ratlam has more than 70% rural households, which provides a sufficiently large sample to produce reliable estimates of most indicators for rural areas.

Ratlam, Madhva Pradesh - Kev Indicators

Ratiani, maanya Pradoon Roy maloate		_	
Indicators	NFHS-4 (2015-16)		
Population and Household Profile	Rural	Total	
1. Population (female) age 6 years and above who ever attended school (%)	51.7	60.1	
2. Population below age 15 years (%)	32.2	30.4	
3. Sex ratio of the total population (females per 1,000 males)	981	975	
4. Sex ratio at birth for children born in the last five years (females per 1,000 males)	946	912	
5. Children under age 5 years whose birth was registered (%)	76.6	82.3	
6. Households with electricity (%)	92.6	93.5	
7. Households with an improved drinking-water source ¹ (%)	84.9	88.4	
8. Households using improved sanitation facility ² (%)	17.8	33.7	
9. Households using clean fuel for cooking ³ (%)	14.5	32.9	
10. Households using iodized salt (%)	93.9	95.3	
11. Households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance (%)	5.8	7.0	
Characteristics of Adults (age 15-49)			
12. Women who are literate (%)	41.7	54.5	
13. Men who are literate (%)	82.1	82.6	
14. Women with 10 or more years of schooling (%)	8.7	17.9	
Marriage and Fertility			
15. Women age 20-24 years married before age 18 years (%)	52.3	47.8	
16. Men age 25-29 years married before age 21 years (%)	*	*	
17. Women age 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of the survey (%)	11.8	8.3	
Current Use of Family Planning Methods (currently married women age 15–49 years)			
18. Any method ^₄ (%)	26.3	24.8	
19. Any modern method ^₄ (%)	26.3	24.8	
20. Female sterilization (%)	23.9	20.3	
21. Male sterilization (%)	0.5	0.4	
22. IUD/PPIUD (%)	0.0	0.2	
23. Pill (%)	0.8	0.9	
24. Condom (%)	0.9	2.6	
Unmet Need for Family Planning (currently married women age 15–49 years) ⁵			
25. Total unmet need (%)	14.6	15.9	
26. Unmet need for spacing (%)	7.0	6.6	
Quality of Family Planning Services			
27. Health worker ever talked to female non-users about family planning (%)	10.8	14.2	
28. Current users ever told about side effects of current method ⁶ (%)	48.8	53.4	

¹ Piped water into dwelling/yard/plot, public tap/standpipe, tube well or borehole, protected dug well, protected spring, rainwater, community RO plant. ² Flush to piped sewer system, flush to septic tank, flush to pit latrine, ventilated improved pit (VIP)/biogas latrine, pit latrine with slab, twin pit/composting toilet,

which is not shared with any other household. ³ Electricity, LPG/natural gas, biogas. ⁴ Includes other methods that are not shown separately ⁵ Unmet need for family planning refers to fecund women who are not using contraception but who wish to postpone the next birth (spacing) or stop childbearing altogether (limiting). Specifically, women are considered to have unmet need for spacing if they are:

At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and either do not want to become pregnant within the next two years, or are unsure if or when they want to become pregnant.
Pregnant with a mistimed pregnancy.
Postpartum amenorrheic for up to two years following a mistimed birth and not using contraception.

Women are considered to have unmet need for limiting if they are:

· At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and want no (more) children.

Pregnant with an unwanted pregnancy.
Postpartum amenorrheic for up to two years following an unwanted birth and not using contraception.

Women who are classified as infecund have no unmet need because they are not at risk of becoming pregnant. Unmet need for family planning is the sum of unmet need for spacing plus unmet need for limiting. ⁶ Based on current users of female sterilization, IUD/PPIUD, injectables and pill who started using that method in the past 5 years.

'na' not available

Based on 25-49 unweighted cases
 * Percentage not shown; based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Ratlam, Madhya Pradesh - Key Indicators

Maternal and Child Health Rural Total Maternity Care (for last birth in the 5 years before the survey) 5 29. Mothers who had an iteratal check-up in the first trimester (%) 53.1 54.1 30. Mothers who had an iteratal check-up in the first trimester (%) 65.1 87.8 31. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care (%is) 66.6 12.4 32. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 66.6 12.4 33. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/murseLHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 54.6 58.2 34. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/murseLHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 54.6 58.2 35. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births deliver (%) 66.1 22.4 36. Onlidern born at home who were taken to a health facility (rok) 18.7 22.1 18.7 30. Hothers who received a health check after birth from a doctor/murseLHV/ANM/midwife/other (%) 76.9 82.1 36. Onlidern born at home who were taken to a health facility (rok) 76.4 78.3 31. Institutional births (%) 18.7 21.1	Indicators	NFHS-4 (2	2015-16)
Maternity Care (for last birth in the 5 years before the survey) 53.1 54.1 29. Mothers who had antenatal check-up in the first timester (%) 53.1 54.1 30. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care (%) 85.1 87.8 31. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neoratal tetanus (%) 16.1 23.1 32. Mothers who casumed ino folic acid of 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.1 33. Mothers who had full antenatal care (%) 44.1 Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection 64.1 52.4 30. Mothers who received funcational assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births 64.1 52.4 30. Children who received funcational test for head thacility (Fs.) 1.820 1.520 30. Children who received funcation test thacility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 2.6 (2.4) 30. Institutional births (%) 81.4 86.2 41.1 31. Hittis assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANMother health facility (Fs.) 7.8 7.8 31. Mothers who had test at fact personnel (0ut of total deliveries) (%) 2.0 2.0 32. Children who received anses becton (%) 4.2 6.7 32. Horne delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (0ut of			
29. Michars who had antenatal check-up in the first timester (%) 53.1 54.1 30. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%) 29.0 38.1 31. Mothers whoe last birth was protected against neonatal ternus? (%) 86.1 87.8 32. Mothers who consumed iron tolic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.1 33. Mothers who received postnatic care? (%) 66.6 12.4 34. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection 91.1 90.0 35. Mothers who received postnatic care? (%) 64.1 52.4 36. Mothers who received postnatic care? (%) 64.1 52.4 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 64.1 52.4 38. Children bor a thore who were taken to a health facility (rocheck-up within 24 hours of birth (%) (2.6) (2.4) 38. Children burs are the sy os birth (%) 75.9 74.4 78.3 41. Institutional births (%) 75.9 78.4 78.3 42. Hore divery conce (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 75.9 74.2 6.7 43. Institutional births (%) 75.9 75.9 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Rurui</td><td>Total</td></td<>		Rurui	Total
30. Mothers who had at least 4 antensia care visits (%) 29.0 38.1 31. Mothers who consumed iron tolic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.1 33. Mothers who nead tuil antensial care (%) 6.6 12.4 34. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 91.1 90.0 35. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 64.1 52.4 36. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births delivered in an institution (%) 1.820 1.820 37. Average out of pocket sepanditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 1.820 1.827 38. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) (2.6) (2.4) 39. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 2.0 2.0 41. Institutional births (%) 2.0 2.0 2.0 41. Institutional births (%) 2.0 2.0 2.0 43. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) 4.0 6.5 44. Births delivered by ceasarean section (%) 4.0 6.7 45. Birt		53.1	54 1
31. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus" (%) 85.1 87.8 32. Mothers who consumed into folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.4 33. Mothers who consumed into folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.4 33. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 56.6 58.2 36. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births delivered in an institution (%) 64.1 52.4 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 18.7 21.1 38. Children born at hore who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 39. Children born at hore who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 40. Institutional births (%) 18.7 21.1 20 2.0 30. In the subsisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel (%) 75.9 82.1 40. Institutional births (%) 76.8 78.4 78.3 41. Institutional births (%) 78.4 78.3 78.4 78.3 42. Hone delivere ob y casarean section (%) 4.5<			
32. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%) 16.1 23.1 33. Mothers who had full antenala care ⁶ (%) 66. 12.4 43. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 54.6 12.4 43. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%) 54.6 12.8 58.2 36. Mothers who received Inacial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births 64.1 52.4 57. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 1.820 1.520 32.0 1.52			
33. Mothers who had tull antenatal care (%) 6.6 12.4 44. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection 91.1 90.0 35. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 54.6 58.2 36. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births 64.1 52.4 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 16.0 (2.4) 38. Children born at hore who were taken to a health facility for check-up which 24 hours of birth (%) (2.6) (2.4) 39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 18.7 21.1 20. Institutional births (%) 78.4 78.3 32. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%) 7.5 82.1 34. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) 75.9 82.1 44. Births delivered by casaarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 Child mmunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation 7.5 82.1 45. Births in a public health facility delivered by casaarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 Child mmunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation 7.5 9.2 45. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 92.4 92.2 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 92.4 92.2 40. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 92.4 92.2 41. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 60.3 64.1 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 92.4 97.0 50. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 65.9 61.9 59.9 61.0 Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 61.9 62. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 61.9 63. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 60.3 64.1 52. Chi			
34. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received Mother and Child Protection91.190.035. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health54.658.236. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births64.152.437. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.)1.8201.52038. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%)(2.6)(2.4)39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%)81.486.240. Institutional births (%)81.486.278.342. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by casasrana section (%)4.98.0Children und DPT) (%)4.3.845.240. Institutional births fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polic and DPT) (%)4.3.845.247. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.148. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.150. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.152. Children age 12-23 months who have			
(MCP) card (%) 91.1 90.0 55. Mothers whor received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 54.6 58.2 36. Mothers whor received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health facility (Rs.) 1.820 54.6 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 1.820 1.820 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility at hours of birth (%) 1.820 1.820 38. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 75.9 82.1 40. Institutional births (%) 81.4 86.2 41. Institutional births (%) 75.9 82.1 43. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) 75.9 82.1 45. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) 4.2 6.7 46. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 Childran age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 59.9 40. Childran age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 62.1 65.1 51. Childran age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)<			
personnel within 2 days of delivery (%) 54.6 58.2 36. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births delivered in an institution (%) 64.1 52.4 37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.) 1,820 1,820 38. Children how ore taken to we were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 18.7 2(.2.4) 39. Children how ore taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 81.4 86.2 Unitational births in public facility (%) 81.4 86.2 A modulate births in public facility (%) 76.9 82.1 A sitt facility delivered by casarean section (%) 4.2 6.7 A sitt facility delivered by casarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 A sitt facility delivered by casarean section (%) 43.8 45.2 A sitt facility delivered by casarean section (%) 43.8 45.2 A facilitar angle 12.23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 59.9 A children age 12.23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)		91.1	90.0
36. Mothers who received financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for births64.152.437. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.)1,8201,52038. Children who received a health check dire birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%)18.721.190. Institutional births (%)81.486.241.40. Institutional births in public facility (%)78.478.321. Home delivery conduced by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by casearean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by casearean section (%)4.345.249. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of politor age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polito vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DIP vaccine (%)61.959.950.251. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DIP vaccine (%)62.165.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DIP vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DIP vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DIP vaccine (%)62.165.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hopattis B vaccine (%)62.165.153. Children age 12-23 months who			
delivered in an institution (%)64.152.437. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.)1,8201,52038. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%)(2.6)(2.4)39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%)18.721.1Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey)40. Institutional births (%)81.486.241. Institutional births (%)76.478.342. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/dret health personnel (%)4.26.745. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polic and DPT) (%)43.845.246. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)62.267.652. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who neceived most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who neceived most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)81.110.3 <td></td> <td>54.6</td> <td>58.2</td>		54.6	58.2
37. Average out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs.)1,8201,52038. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%)(2.6)(2.4)39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%)81.486.240. Institutional births (%)81.486.281.486.241. Institutional births (%)81.486.22.042. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.044. Births an public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.345.245. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)63.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)63.749.252. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.166.155. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of HDPT vaccine (%)62.166.156. Children und		64.4	50 4
 38. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for check-up within 24 hours of birth (%) (2.6) (2.4) 39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%) (8.6) (8.1) 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 20. Institutional births (%) (8.6) (8.1) 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 20. 2.0 20. 2.0 20. 32.0 20. 32.0 20. 42.0 21.4 21.4 Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) (7.5) 23. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) (7.5) 24. Births are private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) (7.5) 25. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) (7.5) 26. Births an a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) (7.6) 27. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polic and DPT) (%) (8.1) 28. Children age 12-23 months who have received a doses of DPT vaccine (%) (6.1) 27. Children age 12-23 months who have received a doses of DPT vaccine (%) (6.1) 28. Children age 12-23 months who have received a doses of DPT vaccine (%) (8.2) 29.0. Children age 12-23 months who have received mosts of the vaccinations in public health facility (%) 98.1 29.1. Children age 12-23 months who have received mastels vaccine (%) (6.1) 20.1. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%) 98.1 29.0. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%) 98.1 37. Children age 12-23 months who have received dose in last fo			
39. Children who received a health check after birth from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/ midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 10. 18.14 86.2 40. Institutional births (%) 78.4 78.3 78.3 41. Institutional births (%) 75.9 82.1 42. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 75.9 82.1 43. Births delivered by casarean section (%) 4.2 6.7 44. Births delivered by casarean section (%) 4.2 6.7 45. Births in a private health facility delivered by casasrean section (%) 4.9 8.0 Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation 7 7 47. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%) 92.4 92.2 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of pDi vaccine (%) 60.3 64.1 50. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of ploy vaccine (%) 62.1 65.1 51. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of ploy vaccine (%) 62.2 67.6 52. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%) 62.2 67.6 52. Children age 12-23 months who received avitamin A			
health personnel within 2 days of birth (%) 18.7 21.1 Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey) 81.4 86.2 40. Institutional births (%) 78.4 78.3 42. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (%) 76.9 82.1 43. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%) 75.9 82.1 44. Births delivered by caesarean section (%) 4.2 6.7 45. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 46. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%) 4.9 8.0 47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%) 43.8 45.2 49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 61.9 59.9 50. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%) 63.7 64.1 52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of PIP vaccine (%) 63.7 64.2 53. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%) 62.2 67.6 54. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%) 62.1 (61		(2.0)	(2.4)
Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey)40. Institutional births in public facility (%)81.486.241. Institutional births in public facility (%)78.478.342. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births divered by casastrean section (%)4.26.744. Births delivered by casastrean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation4.98.047. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.290. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.153. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.154. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)8.097.055. Children age 12-23 months who received as tot the vaccinations in public health facility (%)8.197.056. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)57.		18.7	21.1
40. Institutional births (%)81.486.241. Institutional births in public facility (%)76.477.342. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANWother health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)62.166.150. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)60.364.153. Children age 12-23 months who have received of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)9.03.0Teratement of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)50. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)2.03.0Teratement of Childhood Diseases (who received on are heydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)52. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)9.03.0Teratement of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)			
41. Institutional births in public facility (%)78.478.342. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/hurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.046. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.047. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-33 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)62.165.150. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis Vaccine (%)43.749.252. Children age 12-23 months who neve received a tast 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who neve intexied a vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who neceived most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.055. Children age 12-23 months who received and rege Systems56.011.310.356. Children age 12-23 months who received and rege Systems56.011.310.357. Children age 12-23 months who received and rege Systems50.011.310.358. Children age 12-23 months who received and rege Systems50.050.050.059. Children age 12-2		81.4	86.2
42. Home delivery conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries) (%)2.02.043. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANMother health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)43.749.252. Children age 12-23 months who have received a doses of thepatitis B vaccine (%)62.166.154. Children age 12-23 months who have received a doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.267.655. Children age 12-23 months who received measles vaccine (%)62.267.656. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.056. Children age 12-23 months who received measles vaccine (%)(66.1)(61.4)55. Children age 12-23 months who received mast of rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)56. Children age 12-23 months who received cort rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)56. Children age 12-23 months who received cort rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(76.6)(76.2)			
43. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANWother health personnel (%)75.982.144. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.755. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.247. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)62.267.652. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who received measles vaccine (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)88.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)88.197.056. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received are (%)(76.6)(77.2)69. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)77			
44. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)4.26.745. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)*(5.5)46. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who received and vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)88.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received crial rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)8.19.161. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)8.19.1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>75.9</td><td>82.1</td></t<>		75.9	82.1
43. Bithis in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)(5.3)46. Bithis in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)4.98.0Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who have received a vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (Children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of darrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks to children69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Stat		4.2	
Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Pot vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)43.749.253. Children age 9-59 months who received measles vaccine (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)2.03.0Teratment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)(11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)69. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.162. Children under age 4 sears breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)<	45. Births in a private health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)	*	(5.5)
47. Children age 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)60.364.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)43.749.252. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)2.03.0Teratment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)E56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)8.319.161. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)7.37.265. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10.11} (%)	46. Births in a public health facility delivered by caesarean section (%)	4.9	8.0
polio and $\bar{D}PT$ (%)43.845.248. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Papatitis B vaccine (%)60.352. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.253. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.254. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)2.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.056. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)68. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)76. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.861. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)(79.1)62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.363. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(7.1)64. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)*65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.166. Non-breastfeeding chi	Child Immunizations and Vitamin A Supplementation		
48. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)92.492.249. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.955.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.056. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.057. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.056. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.2)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)48.3.661. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.162. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)Children under age 6 months ecclusivel			
49. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)61.959.950. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.653. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)(77.1)(72.3)62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.119.163. Children under age 6.23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)***64. Children age 6.23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)***65. Breastfeeding children age 6.23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)\$.911.866. Non-breas			
50. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)62.165.151. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)43.749.253. Children age 9-59 months who received avitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)72.372.3Childre Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children4.83.661. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.162. Children under age 3 wers breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.911.863. Children under age 6 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%	5		
51. Children age 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)60.364.152. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)43.749.253. Children age 9-59 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children(79.1)(72.3)62. Children under age 6 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**63. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.864. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**66. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 m			
52. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Hepatitis B vaccine (%)43.749.253. Children age 9-59 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.362. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**64. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.066. Children under 5 years who are sunted (height-for-height) ¹² (%)50.346.169. C			
53. Children age 9-59 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)62.267.654. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(76.6)(76.2)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.361. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)(79.1)(72.3)Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmik ¹⁰ (%)**64. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.066. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)** <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td>	5		
54. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in public health facility (%)98.197.055. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(76.6)(76.2)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children age 6-8 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are stunted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5			
55. Children age 12-23 months who received most of the vaccinations in private health facility (%)2.03.0Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**64. Children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.066. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.167. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-height) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are stunted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)			
Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6-months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)**64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are stunted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5			
56. Prevalence of diarrhoea (reported) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)11.310.357. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)%*66. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)7.87.5		2.0	0.0
57. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)(66.1)(61.4)58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are stunted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)7.87.5		11.3	10.3
58. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received zinc (%)(18.7)(20.3)59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)7.87.5			
59. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)(76.6)(76.2)60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.8			
60. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)4.83.661. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5		()	
$\frac{4.8}{61. \text{ Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility (%)} 69.0 72.3$ Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children 62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%) 8.3 19.1 63. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%) (79.1) (72.3) 64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%) * * 65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%) 8.9 11.8 66. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%) 7.1 11.0 68. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%) 50.3 46.1 69. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%) 7.8 7.5		(/	(-)
facility (%)69.072.3Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth ⁹ (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed ¹⁰ (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk ¹⁰ (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)7.87.5	survey (%)	4.8	3.6
Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth9 (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed10 (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk10 (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age)12 (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height)12 (%)7.87.5		60.0	70.0
62. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth9 (%)8.319.163. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed10 (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk10 (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age)12 (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)13 (%)7.87.5		69.0	12.3
63. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed10 (%)(79.1)(72.3)64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk10 (%)***65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet10.11 (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age)12 (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)13 (%)7.87.5		83	10 1
64. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk^{10} (%)**65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age)^{12} (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)^{13} (%)7.87.5			
65. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)8.911.866. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet 10,11 (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) 12 (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) 12 (%)23.721.770. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) 13 (%)7.87.5		(13.1)	(12.3)
66. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)**67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)23.721.770. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5		8.9	11.8
67. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet ^{10,11} (%)7.111.068. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) ¹² (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) ¹² (%)23.721.770. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5		*	*
68. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age)^{12} (%)50.346.169. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height)^{12} (%)23.721.770. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)^{13} (%)7.87.5		7.1	11.0
69. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height)^{12} (%)23.721.770. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height)^{13} (%)7.87.5			
70. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) ¹³ (%)7.87.5			
			41.9

⁷ Includes mothers with two injections during the pregnancy of her last birth, or two or more injections (the last within 3 years of the last live birth), or five or more injections (the last within 5 years of the last birth), or four or more injections (the last within 10 years of the last live birth), or five or more injections at any time prior to the last birth. ⁶ Full antenatal care is at least four antenatal visits, at least one tetanus toxoid (TT) injection and iron folic acid tablets or syrup taken for 100 or more food groups and a minimum meal frequency, non-breastfed children fed with a minimum of 3 Infant and Young Child Feeding Practices (fed with other milk products at least three times a day, a minimum meal frequency that is receiving solid or semi-solid foods at least twice a day for breastfed children 9-23 months, and solid or semi-solid foods from at least twice food group). ¹² Below -2 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard. ¹³ Below -3 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard.

Ratlam, Madhya Pradesh - Key Indicators

72. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI < 18.5 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 38.9 33.8 73. Men whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI < 18.5 kg/m²) (%) 43.1 35.9 74. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 8.7 15.6 75. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 2.9 7.0 Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵ 77.2 75.9 76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%) 77.2 75.9 77. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) (%) 55.9 54.4 80. Men age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<3.0 g/dl) (%) 24.2 23.0 Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15-49 years) ¹⁶ 7.4 5.9 Women 81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 82. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 8.8 8.3 3.7 8.8 8.0 8.3 3.7 9.4 8.0 8.3 3.7 9.4 9.4			
72. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI < 18.5 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 38.9 33.8 73. Men whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI < 18.5 kg/m²) (%) 43.1 35.9 74. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 8.7 15.6 75. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%) 2.9 7.0 Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵ 76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%) 77.2 75.9 77. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%) 77.2 (70.8) 78. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%) 24.2 23.0 Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15-49 years) ¹⁶ Women 24.2 23.0 Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15-49 years) ¹⁶ Women 2.0 2.6 Men 81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 4.7 5.9 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.7 Men 8.16 lood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 4.7 5.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) S.8 S.8 S.8	Indicators	NFHS-4 (2015-16)
73. Men whose Body Mass Index (BM) is below normal (BM1 < 18.5 kg/m²) (%)	Nutritional Status of Adults (age 15-49 years)	Rural	Total
74. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) ¹⁴ (%)8.715.675. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) (%)2.97.0Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵ 77.275.976. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)	72. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI < 18.5 kg/m ²) ¹⁴ (%)	38.9	33.8
75. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥ 25.0 kg/m²) (%) 2.9 7.0 Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵ 7.2 75.9 76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)		43.1	35.9
Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵ 76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)		8.7	15.6
76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)	75. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI \geq 25.0 kg/m ²) (%)	2.9	7.0
77. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) (%)	Anaemia among Children and Adults ¹⁵		
78. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)	76. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)	77.2	75.9
79. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (%) 55.9 54.4 80. Men age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<13.0 g/dl) (%)	77. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) (%)	55.2	53.7
80. Men age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<13.0 g/dl) (%)	78. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) (%)	(72.7)	(70.8)
Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15-49 years) ¹⁶ Women 4.7 5.9 81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 2.0 2.6 Men 2.0 2.6 83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) 3.8 3.7 Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Wen 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. 81 81 81 81 87. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 82 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women 91. Cervix (%) 0.0 0.6	79. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (%)	55.9	54.4
Women 4.7 5.9 81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 2.0 2.6 Men 83. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) 3.8 3.7 Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8		24.2	23.0
81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 4.7 5.9 82. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 2.0 2.6 Men 83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) 3.8 3.7 Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 8 Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15-49 years) ¹⁶		
82. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 2.0 2.6 Men 83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) 3.8 3.7 Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.12 Men 91. Cervix (%) 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8 12.7 12.8	Women		
Men 7.4 8.0 83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	81. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%)	4.7	5.9
83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%) 7.4 8.0 84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 0.0 0.6 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 2	82. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%)	2.0	2.6
84. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) (%) 3.8 3.7 Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years) Women 85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	Men		
Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years)Women85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men $88.$ Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	83. Blood sugar level - high (>140 mg/dl) (%)	7.4	8.0
Women85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8		3.8	3.7
85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 6.4 7.7 86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 0.8 1.8 87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 1.5 2.2 Men88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	Hypertension among Adults (age 15-49 years)		
86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)0.81.887. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)1.52.2MenNen88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)12.513.689. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)5.75.590. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)0.00.6Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%)21.922.992. Breast (%)12.712.8	Women		
87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)1.52.2Men12.588. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)12.513.689. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)5.75.590. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)0.00.6Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%)21.922.992. Breast (%)12.712.8	85. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	6.4	7.7
Men 12.5 13.6 88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%) 12.5 13.6 89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 21.9 22.9 91. Cervix (%) 12.7 12.8	86. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)	0.8	1.8
88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)12.513.689. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)5.75.590. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)0.00.6Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:91. Cervix (%)21.922.992. Breast (%)12.712.8	87. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%)	1.5	2.2
89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%) 5.7 5.5 90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 21.9 22.9 91. Cervix (%) 12.7 12.8	Men		
90. Very high (Systolic ≥180 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥110 mm of Hg) (%) 0.0 0.6 Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 21.9 22.9 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	88. Slightly above normal (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	12.5	13.6
Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of: 21.9 22.9 91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	89. Moderately high (Systolic 160-179 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 100-109 mm of Hg) (%)	5.7	5.5
91. Cervix (%) 21.9 22.9 92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8		0.0	0.6
92. Breast (%) 12.7 12.8	Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Undergone Examinations of:		
	91. Cervix (%)	21.9	22.9
93. Oral cavity (%) 10.2 11.8			12.8
	93. Oral cavity (%)	10.2	11.8

¹⁴ Excludes pregnant women and women with a birth in the preceding 2 months. ¹⁵ Haemoglobin in grams per decilitre (g/dl). Among children, prevalence is adjusted for altitude and for smoking status. ¹⁶ Random blood sugar measurement (including those under medication).

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR POPULATION SCIENCES

- **Vision:** "To position IIPS as a premier teaching and research institution in population sciences responsive to emerging national and global needs based on values of inclusion, sensitivity and rights protection."
- **Mission:** "The Institute will strive to be a centre of excellence on population, health and development issues through high quality education, teaching and research. This will be achieved by (a) creating competent professionals, (b) generating and disseminating scientific knowledge and evidence, (c) collaboration and exchange of knowledge, and (d) advocacy and awareness."

For additional information, please contact:

Director/Project Coordinator (NFHS-4) International Institute for Population Sciences Govandi Station Road, Deonar Mumbai - 400 088 (India) Telephone: 022-4237 2442 Fax: 022-25563257 Email: nfhs42013@gmail.com, director@iips.net Website: http://www.rchiips.org/nfhs http://www.iipsindia.org

Additional Director General (Stat.) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Government of India Nirman Bhavan New Delhi 110 011 Telephone: 011 - 23061334 or 23063398 Fax: 011 - 23061334 Email: crknair@nic.in

Deputy Director General (Stat.) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Government of India Nirman Bhavan New Delhi 110 011 Telephone: 011 - 23061238 Fax: 011 - 23061238 Email: pc.cyriac@nic.in Website: http://www.mohfw.nic.in

Technical assistance for NFHS-4 was provided by USAID supported ICF International, and assistance for the HIV components was provided by NACO and NARI. Funding assistance was provided by:



The opinions in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the funding agencies. For additional information on NFHS-4, visit http://www.rchiips.org/nfhs